

JUST 20 YEARS AGO



We established ourselves on the corner of Fort and Douglas streets as Prescription Store. The steady growth of our business year by year has placed us in a position to purchase goods in wholesale quantities and take advantage of all economies that cash will secure. We are going to give our customers the benefit of our business position. It will pay you to deal with us. Our reputation for carefulness and pure drugs is established. We acknowledge second to none on the Pacific Coast in the appointment of our reliable and experienced dispensers. Our motto—Quality first, price after. We are prompt, we are careful. None but experienced dispensers employed at

CAMPBELL'S PRESCRIPTION STORE

NEWS NOTES FROM EASTERN CANADA

DROWNED FEW DAYS BEFORE HIS MARRIAGE

Missionary Lost His Life While Trying to Cross Creek—Alleged Wife Murder at Winnipeg.

Montreal, May 27.—The Court of Appeal has quashed the verdict of murder against Wm. Long, of St. Etienne, for shooting Denis Labrecque, a hired man, and ordered a new trial on the ground of irrelevant evidence. Long claims the deed was done in self-defense.

Preliminary Hearing. Winnipeg, May 27.—Gustav Mueller had his preliminary hearing at the police court today for the alleged murder of his wife, who was found dead on the C. P. R. track in February last. There was no startling evidence to-day.

Rancher Dead. James Ball, a well known rancher of Alberta district, is dead.

Bridge Carried Away. The water is very high in the South Saskatchewan at Saskatoon. One span of the bridge has been carried away.

Election Returns. Complete returns from Battleford division elect Prince (government) by 15 majority, over Dunn (Independent). The Carleton election, it is reported, is void owing to high water and other difficulties.

Welcomed Home. Premier Haultain received a warm welcome yesterday on his return to Regina from his constituency. His departure for England is delayed until next week.

Freight on Coal. The Canadian Pacific announces a reduction of 50 cents a ton in the price of coal and coke between Fort William and Winnipeg and other points in Manitoba, the new tariff to become effective June 1st next.

Arrested. The new tariff to become effective June 1st next. The new tariff to become effective June 1st next.

Hamilton, May 27.—Robert Rodhouse and Lockhart M. Gordon, Socialist candidates in Hamilton a large crowd, arrested while haranguing a large crowd.

Drowned in Creek. Calgary, May 27.—Rev. E. Wood, Methodist missionary at Carstairs, was drowned while attempting to cross a large creek swollen by recent floods. He sent his horse ahead with a line attached and attempted to follow. When in mid-stream the line parted, and Mr. Wood was hurled away and drowned. The accident was especially sad as Mr. Wood was to have been married this evening in Dundas. The close the campaign. He returns to his constituency to-morrow.

Final Meetings. Toronto, May 27.—The Liberals held a wind-up meeting in Massey hall this evening. Mr. Ross was the chief speaker, and the central figure of the evening. Mr. Whitney was speaking this evening in Dundas. The close the campaign. He returns to his constituency to-morrow.

Boers Surrender. Two Hundred in Orange River Colony Have Given Up Fighting.

London, May 28.—A dispatch to the Daily Telegraph from Pretoria reports that 200 Boers have surrendered at Frankfort in the Orange River Colony.

A statement is issued by a news agency this morning that Lord Kitchener will become adjutant-general to the forces instead of taking command of the Indian army as previously reported.

Col. Steele's Message. Montreal, May 27.—A cablegram received by Mrs. Steele, wife of Col. Steele, South African Constabulary, whose headquarters are at Pretoria, asking her to take passage as soon as possible for South Africa. The cablegram is regarded as an indication that, in so far as least as the military authorities at Pretoria are concerned, the proclamation of peace is looked upon as a certainty in the very near future. Up to the present, owing to the orders of the commander-in-chief, Lord Kitchener, no ladies or children have been allowed up country, nor were they to be permitted to go to Pretoria from Capetown, until hostilities ceased to exist. Col. Steele's cablegram to his wife to go at once to South Africa and to take a lady friend from Ontario along with her, is looked upon as an indication that the order has been cancelled and that hostilities have ceased.

The Star's London cable says: "In view of the probable termination of the war, strong pressure is being brought

to induce the British ministry to withdraw the wheat and flour duties on the ground that the extra revenue of \$12,000,000 is no longer necessary. The Times on the contrary warns the government against such a pusillanimous change of front as the abandonment of the duty on wheat and flour. It points out that the government to persist at least until the Colonial premiers have been heard from."

The Sidewalk Broke. One Person Instantly Killed and One Hundred Injured in New York.

New York, May 27.—Elvin L. Colledge, was almost instantly killed, and about one hundred people were injured this afternoon by the breaking down of a temporary sidewalk at Fifth avenue and 18th street. Some of those hurt may die. Those who fell were part of a crowd gathered to watch the parade in honor of the visit of the French Republic commission to this city. Two hundred people were on the sidewalk when it gave way, and they were precipitated into the street. The crowd was so dense that it was impossible to get out of the way of the falling debris. The accident occurred just as the head of the parade had passed the corner. The French visitors had gone past before, and knew nothing of it until some time later. The crowd had just ridden by and the "Twenty-second Regiment" was passing when the crash came. The officers in command at once gave orders to break ranks, and 50 militiamen were detailed to work of rescue. Hurry calls were sent for police and reserve, and those who were assisted out of the excavation, and the work of binding up wounds and conveying these most hurt to hospitals was in full swing. The authorities are busy endeavoring to discover who is to blame for the accident.

Corner Schooler says the sidewalk had not been built of material strong enough to stand such a weight as burdened it. He said the cause of the accident was the giving way of an upright timber, four by twelve inches in dimensions, that extended from the dome of the excavation of the cross beams in which the sidewalk wall rested. Above the foot of this timber, he said, was rotten and very weak.

REVOLT IN CHINA. Severe Fighting Reported in Which 4,500 Men Were Killed or Wounded.

London, May 27.—Cabling from Shanghai, the correspondent of the Daily Mail says the Southern rebellion is in full activity, and that a severe battle has been fought at Chu Tshien, in which the rebels were defeated by the government forces with losses amounting to 1,500 men killed or wounded. The government troops pursued the rebels to their entrenched villages, and cut off their escape.

The rebel leader, Ching Ting Pin, was killed. The rebels are increasing in strength, concludes the Daily Mail dispatch, and Boxers are gathering in large numbers in Shan Tung province.

London Truth, discussing the future of the British embassy at Washington, insists that it will be necessary to increase its standing in the list of diplomatic assignments. Truth suggests Sir E. Lascelles, the British ambassador to Germany, as the best diplomat to succeed the late Lord Pannetot, but the paper points out that the German ambassador could hardly be expected to relinquish his salary of £9,000 in Berlin for the salary of £6,500 paid to the British ambassador at Washington.

TIED OUT. There's many a farmer's wife sits on the porch in the growing shadows of a summer evening, knowing to the full what it is to feel tired out; as if there was not another ounce of effort left in her. But she knows how her husband would sound her slumber will be and how refreshing the morning will find her. That's the tiredness of a healthy woman. But there's another thing for the sick woman to feel tired out. Rest only seems to increase her suffering. Just as in profound silence a discordant note jars the ear more forcibly, so now that she has stopped moving about, this tired woman feels more acutely the aching back and throbbing nerves.

Sick women, hundreds of thousands of them, have been made well by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It establishes regularity, dries weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness.

"Words cannot tell what I suffered for thirteen years with uterine trouble and dragging down through my hips and back," writes Mrs. D. C. of Grand Rapids, Michigan. "N. W. Ter. I can't describe the misery it was to me for my feet long at a time. I could not eat nor sleep. Other I wished to die. Then I saw Dr. Pierce's medicine advertised and thought I would try it. Had not taken one bottle till I was feeling well. After had taken one of Golden Medical Discovery I was like a new woman. Could eat and sleep and do all my own work."

The Medical Adviser, is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of customers and mailing only. Send 31 one-cent stamps for the book in paper covers, or 50 stamps for the volume bound in cloth. Address Dr. Pierce, Buffalo, N.Y.

Indians Prophecy a Hot Summer Last year during the hot summer months there were many people who suffered from thirst and asked their grocers for Mason's Celebrated English Root Beer, but the supply was not sufficient. This year Mr. George Carter, agent for Newhall & Mason, has received a large consignment to supply the trade. Ask your dealer for Mason's Root Beer.

Plumbing and Heating
New Houses and Buildings
Equipped.

With the latest and most modern sanitary plumbing; open work throughout, material of the best, workmanship unexceptionable. Old houses refitted, defects remedied, all modern conveniences supplied. We will leave no stone unturned to give you the best satisfaction, and will not bankrupt you in the process.

A SHERET, TEL. 620, 102 PORT STREET.

SAIL THIS SUMMER FOR ASIATIC SIDE

TORPEDO DESTROYERS PREPARING TO LEAVE

H. M. S. Arethusa Will Convey Them to the Far Eastern Station—Other Warship News.

The torpedo boat destroyers Virago and Sparrowhawk are lying at the naval yard wharf receiving the finishing touches preparatory for their departure for the China station. These two vessels have been designated for China waters since last summer, and it is understood that they will leave about midsummer for their commission on the Asiatic side. All their boilers and engines have been thoroughly overhauled, and in view of the accidents to boats of similar type, viz.: the Cobra and the Viper, the admiralty have been taking precautions to strengthen the hulls and render them more rigid. The destroyers to the two vessels mentioned disclosed a weakness in the centre of the ships, which led to buckling. To overcome this heavy bands of iron have been placed in position, encircling the whole hull. Heavy steel beams and supports have also been placed in the centre of the hulls to strengthen the strength of that section of the destroyer.

The two destroyers will not undertake the long run to China alone, but will be conveyed by a cruiser, H. M. S. Arethusa, which was ordered suddenly to China at the time of the Boxer trouble, and has never been detached from this squadron. As the official list is concerned, but was merely loaned to the fleet in China waters. Her commission having almost expired, it being out on the 14th of November, it is stated that she will come over to accompany the Virago and Sparrowhawk to their destination.

It is unlikely that once these destroyers depart that Victorians will have an opportunity of seeing this particular type of fighting machine in these waters again, unless the point of contact with hostile nations becomes more contiguous to the North Pacific than at present.

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Will Float Bristol. If arrangements can be completed in time a party will be sent to the wreck of the week of the steam collier Bristol, submerged off Green Island on the steamer Tees to-morrow night. As will be remembered a party of Victorians took over the wreck from R. Dunsmyth & Sons, the vessel's former owners, and last winter sent an expedition north to make an examination of the wreck, with a view to salvaging her. The weather then proved altogether too rough for even a casual inspection of the ship, but it is now hoped that, with the double advantage of more favorable tides and finer weather, something definite can be done.

It is proposed to raise the ship if possible, and after taking her to the Sound place her under the American flag for convenience in operating her in the coast-guard. If it is not possible to raise the steamer as she lies, her machinery and boilers will be removed, the latter alone being well worth all labor which are likely to be put on the steamer.

Warship Movements. H. M. S. Phaeton left yesterday morning for Comox, where she will carry out her regular firing practice. H. M. S. Shearwater held her first big gun test, since coming to this station, in the Straits yesterday, and will subsequently proceed to Comox also. Both ships will be back here for the military and naval demonstration on Coronation Day, on the 26th of June, when a very elaborate martial celebration is being arranged by the admiralty and the officers in command at Work Point. Torpedo boat No. 39 will go to Comox at the same time as these two vessels, and will act as dispatch carrier for the conveyance of mails, etc., from Nanaimo to Comox. Some of the ships will afterwards go over to Vancouver for the first of July celebration there.

Through to Dawson. The sternwheelers Lakeland, Zealandia, Clifford Sifton, Hootalinqua and Casca have reached Dawson from Lake La Barge, carrying over 500 passengers and heavy cargoes of freight, mostly perishables, the arrival of which relieved the high prices in Dawson markets. The first steamer left Dawson for the Kootenai on Tuesday. Several others will follow. The first steamer from Andrews & Co. is expected at Dawson 18 weeks hence, and the first steamer from St. Michael in six weeks.

Marine Notes. There is a movement on foot with the



PICTURE PUZZLE. This proud old lady bound out for a ride leaves two sons and a dog. Can you find them?

big transportation companies of the Sound to reduce some passenger and freight rates, the present attitude of the big steamship owners having been brought about by the menacing position which the miners have taken regarding the matter.

E. J. Coyle, assistant general passenger agent of the Canadian Pacific railway, has received a telegram from J. Francis Lee, traffic manager, White Pass & Yukon railway, announcing the placing of through tickets to Dawson on sale.

A life buoy from the steamer Bristol is said to have been picked up off Dundas Island. Another life buoy, marked "Schooner Homopu" was also found in about the same locality.

Steamer Tosa Maru, which is en route here from the Orient, has 133 tons of cargo and 41 Chinese for Victoria. Steamer Citig City sails for Alaska on Saturday morning.

Steamer City of Puebla is due from San Francisco to-night.

REINDEER FLESH. Some thirty-five years ago a demand sprang up in St. Petersburg for the flesh of the reindeer. This demand, especially for young deer flesh, has been on the increase ever since, venison being more and more in request at the tables of the well-to-do. Traders bought up all the available "zadas," or hind quarters, by far the best meat of the reindeer, from the owners; but, partly to spare the young animals, born the previous spring, who daily grow thinner and thinner, Stock has thus to be killed off with the first sign of winter frost, so as to enable the zadas to be conveyed, on sledges, over the first snow roads to Mezen, whence the traders forward them to St. Petersburg. From the end of September the Lijians wander about as near to Mezen as moss grows, so that they may kill their stock as soon as nature lays the road and sends the frost, which preserves the meat during its long journey southward to civilization. Long trains of sledges, or "zadas," loaded with deer meat, are to be met with upon Mezen through Archangel to St. Petersburg, crossing the ice of the three great lakes—Woods, Onega and Ladoga—as well as of the Rivers Onega and Svir. Last summer post road is long and winding, the winter short and straight, crossing the frozen waters, which in summer must be rounded. Four men working in a company, or "arte," will manage a train of thirty sledges, the heads of the horses being tied to the vehicle in front; often these trains are from a quarter to half a mile in length.—The Gentleman's Magazine.

THE CORONATION MANTLE. In the Easter number of the Pall Mall Magazine Mr. Howarth supplies particulars of the making of the coronation robe of King Edward.

It was at Baintree, in the mills of Messrs. Warner & Sons, that the King's mantle was woven. The gold was bought by a firm of gold wire purveyors, who prepared it for the loom; it was set up on the loom and then it was woven. Anglers who tell their own lives know exactly what the gold looked like when the weavers received it, for they themselves buy it on little reels, some of it a very narrow flat strip, some of it a wide ribbon, some of it a wide web, and then it was woven. Anglers who tell their own lives know exactly what the gold looked like when the weavers received it, for they themselves buy it on little reels, some of it a very narrow flat strip, some of it a wide ribbon, some of it a wide web, and then it was woven. Anglers who tell their own lives know exactly what the gold looked like when the weavers received it, for they themselves buy it on little reels, some of it a very narrow flat strip, some of it a wide ribbon, some of it a wide web, and then it was woven. 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PROCEEDINGS OF THE LEGISLATURE

IMPROPER LANGUAGE ON FLOOR OF HOUSE

High Feeling Between Capt. Tatlow and the Premier—Ineffectual Efforts to Control Legislature.

Press Gallery, May 27th.

This evening's session was one marked by language which fortunately is not often heard across the floor of the provincial legislature. The Premier, in the heat of a moment, hurled the epithet "scoundrel" at another member, and though he afterwards apologized for it to the House, he did so with qualifications which might have been omitted, and which left the sore an open and a festering one. The remark was used to Capt. Tatlow, and afterwards the two men came together in the corridor, and the Premier made at the ministerial member from Vancouver, using a most offensive epithet in doing so. Capt. Tatlow slapped him on the cheek, and the intervention of the Attorney-General prevented the matter going further, although the Premier intimated that he would get square.

He got his opportunity after the rising of the House at 2:10 in the morning. Capt. Tatlow coming down the steps of the building passed the Premier waiting for his carriage, and remarked "We are outside now, Dumsin, what have you to say about it?" The Premier did not reply, and the captain gave him back the epithet in kind, which had been applied to himself, and based on the Premier going to his carriage.

There were several other unfortunate passages in which the chair was unable to compel government members to observe the amenities of debate.

At 11 o'clock the government tried to prevent the adjournment of the debate, but after the leader of the opposition had treated them to a three hours' discourse, they themselves moved the adjournment.

Capt. Tatlow resumed the debate on the motion to go into supply, and Mr. Oliver's amendment that the House condemn the railway policy of the government. He expressed the opinion that the clause making the government liable to bring down a bill to carry out the contract would expose the province to an action for damages. The province did not really get anything back, because the two per cent. revenue was only in lieu of taxation. The utter absence of any safeguards in the contracts, despite the Premier's professions in his manifesto to the public, was also commented upon by the speaker.

The government had given the coal, petroleum and timber without restrictions and without any provision for a stumpage tax in the case of the latter. The anti-Victoria election agreement, then, a much modified agreement, and finally the last mentioned contracts marked the grades in the government's descent. He was glad the name of Mr. Greenhills appeared on the contract, for his name would thus go down to history as connected with one of the most nefarious deals in the history of the country.

Mr. Mann had stated that the railway would not reach the boundary of British Columbia.

Col. Prior—He never said that; I give you my word for it.

The speaker said he thought the amendment was out of order.

This point was discussed for some time, and Mr. Hunter then moved that the question be now put. The advisability of this was discussed at some length, and an appeal finally taken from the chair's ruling that it was in order, upon which the chair was sustained on a party vote.

Mr. McBride moved that the member for Slocan be now heard, and the speaker ruled he was not in order in doing so.



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as the House had decided that the question be now put.

He appealed from the Speaker's ruling, and the Speaker accused him of trifling with the House. The chair was sustained and the previous question being put was resolved in the affirmative.

The motion of supply that the "Speaker do now leave the chair" was then put and resolved in the affirmative. The Speaker then left the chair and Mr. Hunter took the chair.

Mr. Taylor asked the Finance Minister if he had not promised to restore the office of the mining recorder to Revelstoke, but Hon. Mr. Prentice did not reply.

Capt. Tatlow said also it would be very difficult for the government to explain why they had increased the civil list \$20,000 and reduced that for public works by \$150,000.

Mr. Oliver ventured that in 1890 the civil list was \$150,000, in 1900 this was increased by \$47,150, in 1901 by \$30,105, and this year \$2,200, or a total under the present government of \$80,000.

He also charged the government with seeking to hide the cost of road superintendents under the head of public works.

Mr. Curtis said he desired no obstruction to public business. The onus for that must rest with the government. It had been intimated recently to the government that until they finally formulated their railway policy and submitted it to the House, that supply could not be properly voted. It was necessary that the government had the support of the House on their railway policy. Once they demonstrated that, he ventured to say supply could be disposed of in 48 hours.

He stamped as outrageous the proposal to starve public works and the civil servants' salaries. These increases were in nearly every case to those already receiving large salaries.

Referring to the budget speech, Mr. Curtis said it was padded with a lot of statistics not relevant to the question, and intended for him by his official biographer.

He was glad to hear that the government intended to recede from their position in regard to these increases. He would be better pleased if he thought this was due to desire for the country's good, and not to some power behind the throne. Again they had been obliged to crawl back from their position. They were getting so used to it that it had become second nature to them.

Mr. Curtis mentioned the fact that the government agent at Golden in the Chief Commissioner's riding got about \$1,000 a year, while the gold commissioner at Grand Forks got only \$100 odd a month.

The Chief Commissioner said the agent at Golden was agent, gold commissioner and also road superintendent. He was a most efficient man.

Mr. Curtis said the gold commissioner at Grand Forks was a most efficient man, and collected there as much revenue as the officer at Golden.

The government also was going to the bank and borrowing without authority from the legislature. There wasn't a dollar in the treasury, and the banks were advancing the money without authority.

The Chief Commissioner said funds were deposited to meet these drafts, so that the overdraft was not increasing.

Mr. Curtis, continuing, wanted to know if the government was fit to be entrusted with any amount of money in view of this incapacity and mismanagement had reduced the province to a deplorable state. The refusal of the bank to-morrow to make any unauthorized advances, would put the government in a bad situation.

In view of this was the government justified in increasing salaries, and if so where was the government apologist for the increase? One stockholder was a 102 and 83, but it would not long stay there if the government continued on its reckless course.

When representatives from his own district came down to see the government they told them not to bring him with them to the conference.

The Attorney-General—They said they didn't want you.

Mr. Curtis—Perhaps some of them were of the same stripe as the government. Does the Attorney-General deny that he instructed these deputations not to bring him?

The Attorney-General—I do deny it. Mr. Curtis—Do you deny it for all the members of the government? For if you do I will bring proof of it.

Mr. Curtis then reverted to the salary of only \$300 a month for the gold commissioner at Grand Forks, and the Attorney-General, who all evening had been contending this official was only a mining recorder, boldly stated that such was the case.

Mr. Curtis for answer referred the Attorney-General to the British Columbia Gazette of April or May, 1900, when this gentleman was created a gold commissioner.

He accused the government of political parsimony, which had left them powerless. He also attacked the appointment of a freight commissioner. If the railways refused to do the right thing in regard to freight rates the province could increase the assessments. The freight commissioner had no powers whatever. His efforts, too, were exercised entirely outside of Vancouver Island. The object of the new office he held was to find a place for a government healer.

Mr. Kidd, on the understanding that he had the consent of the government, moved the adjournment of the debate, and Mr. Neill seconded it.

plementary estimates for 1900 and 1901, but had failed to include this year's supplementary estimates in referring to the increases in the civil list. He pointed out that in 1901 the civil list salaries amounted to \$222,000, while his estimates for 1902 was \$263,000, an increase of \$20,000. In the administration of justice salaries, too, there was an increase of \$14,000.

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Mr. Kidd, on the understanding that he had the consent of the government, moved the adjournment of the debate, and Mr. Neill seconded it.

Mr. McBride asked if the government accepted, and the Premier nodded to the Speaker to ring the division bell.

Mr. McBride at once interpreted this as an attempt to defeat the motion, and said he had good grounds for believing that the government consented to an adjournment of the debate. The present was a case of sharp practice and was most disreputable.

Mr. McBride said he had learned through mediums which were unofficial, but which had to be employed in arranging these matters, that the government would leave the debate adjourned.

Mr. Phillips also attacked the government's course as a breach of faith. The Premier said he would not consent to any adjournment. The opposition was wasting time.

Mr. Hunter said he would agree to the withdrawal of the motion, but would give no quarter to the opposition.

The Premier here intimated one of his choice remarks to the effect that the opposition were talking clap trap.

Capt. Tatlow said this was prompted evidently by chagrin, that he was unable to carry through a scandalous transaction, which the opposition had predicted.

The Premier—What is scandalous? Capt. Tatlow—To give \$3,000,000 to railway promoters and put \$2,000,000 in your own pocket. If the House don't believe it read your letter to General Hubbard.

The Premier—That is a lie. You are a liar.

Capt. Tatlow appealed to the Speaker to insist on the language being withdrawn, but in the excitement no notice was taken of it. The Premier was still shouting insults across the floor, and Capt. Tatlow retorted: "You are a miserable cur and don't know how to speak to a man."

The Premier—I don't talk nonsense. Capt. Tatlow—You don't talk at all. You haven't brains enough.

Mr. Kidd then asked leave to withdraw his motion, and this was defeated 12-4.

The motion to adjourn was put and defeated 13-4.

Mr. McBride rose to resume the debate, and the Premier rose and said: "Here is the same old trash again, and I am not going to stand it."

Mr. McBride—I want to talk to the leader of this government for five minutes. He must understand he is not in his office, in his mines or anywhere else in this city. He is not going to insult me.

The Premier—Well, I will insult you. I am going to be talked to by you. Mr. McBride—Well, you will have to listen to me. You are not going to insult members of the opposition.

The Speaker said members should not make remarks to provoke these remarks. Mr. McBride then resumed the debate.

At 12:30 there was no quorum, and Mr. McBride quoted authorities to prove that this fact, being known, was the Speaker's attention after 4 p.m. the House immediately adjourned.

The division bells were rung, however, by Mr. Hunter, who was acting Speaker, thus preventing this rule being carried.

Later Messrs. McPhillips and Hall got into an altercation, in which the latter said that it was a low bird that fouled its own nest, and that was what the hon. gentleman was doing.

Mr. McPhillips demanded that the Speaker be taken down. The acting Speaker, Mr. Hunter, ordered this to be done, but suggested that Mr. Hall be strictly censured. Mr. Oliver asked if this meant that any member could give an insulting remark to another. Mr. Hunter said he thought the expression ought to be withdrawn.

Mr. Hall replied, however, and said he meant to apply it to Mr. McPhillips, and the acting Speaker allowed the matter to go at that.

Several other passages took place, between Messrs. Hall and McBride, the latter referring to Mr. Hall as a magpie supporter of the government. Mr. Hall in turn called Mr. McBride a cur, and the leader of the opposition said the language being that with which Mr. Hall was doubtless most familiar, he would overlook it.

At 2:10 a.m. Mr. Hunter moved the adjournment of the debate, and this carried.

THE OAR.

The J. R. A. A. club races, to be held on June 14th, promises to be of even more interest than those held a short time ago.

Several attacks of gas, which troubled me and bowel complaint, became quite frequent. The shadow of melancholia reappeared and caused me to wonder why a man of my lineage, strength and endurance and temperate habits should be thus afflicted.

Eminent specialists named it "miasm," others as noted said "microbe." I now say "coffee arabica." Why? Because for the first thirty years I did not drink coffee and enjoyed good health, the second thirty years coffee drinking became a habit and illness more than kept pace with the indulgence.

18 months ago I saw a shrewdly written statement of Postum Cereal Coffee. I gave it careful reading and thought, and as an experiment substituted Postum for Java and Mocha. For the first three days of the change I felt keenly the loss of my old friend, but after that the quality of the drink more than compensated the deprivation, and an astonishing change came in recurring hunger three times daily; I could scarcely wait for meals, a sensation I had not had for more than thirty years.

Now, my health is excellent—I eat fruits of all kinds and food as my appetite demands. I am regaining my nervous tone and my strength is increasing daily. I have made no change in my mode of living.

Do you wonder that I name coffee as among the most dangerous of slow poisons? I believe there are thousands suffering as I suffered with a better excuse for ignorance than I can offer. A. C. Hewet, 401 W. Adams St., Chicago, Ill.

adjournment of the debate, and this carried.

Before the House rose Mr. Dumsin rose and said he apologized to the House for the language he had used. He had justification for it, and could think of no other language at the time.

Capt. Tatlow said in view of this qualification it was unnecessary for him to say anything.

The House then rose.

Questions.

Mr. McBride on Thursday next will ask of the government:

1. What services—with full particulars—were performed by Mr. Greenhills as representative of the local government in connection with negotiations between the federal and local governments?

2. What services—with full particulars—were to be performed by Mr. Greenhills for the province?

3. What instructions regarding Dominion government railway subsidies have been given Mr. Greenhills?

Mr. Tatlow on Thursday next will ask the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works:

1. Is it the policy of the government to protect the wages of men employed on government works?

2. Is the Chief Commissioner aware that one Max S. Wilson has not received wages due for painting the government buildings at Princeton, although the work was done in October last?

3. And, if so, what steps will be taken to secure for Max S. Wilson the said wages, amounting to \$216?

SPORTING.

BASEBALL.

UNIVERSITY DEFEATED.

The University of California ball team was defeated at Vancouver yesterday by the local aggregation before its enormous crowd. The score was four to two in favor of Vancouver, and all the runs were made in the third inning, the last two innings being played in the rain. The visitors in seven out of nine innings did not get a man to first base, but the score indicates that both teams played an almost errorless game in all but the third inning, Gardner pitched for Berkeley, and struck out four men—Broadhurst, Rockwood, Green and Miller. He allowed three men to base on balls, while Rockwood, Broadhurst, Green and Perloff made hits off him. There were two men on first and second on balls, when Broadhurst made a two-bagger and brought them in. This put Gardner, the starting pitcher, out of time, and Rockwood followed, took advantage of Gardner's momentary loss of nerve by making a three-bagger and bringing Broadhurst home, eventually getting home himself. After this quartet of runs, Vancouver did not have a look in. Law pitched for Vancouver, striking out Heintzelman three times. Hatch and Wilcox, once each, knocked Kennedy and Hatch made hits off him, and Hatch and Gardner scored.

A PROPOSITION.

An effort is being made to arrange a game on the Friday after Coronation Day between the Stanford and University of California nines. This is possible, as the University of California members will be here for the Coronation Day celebration and the Stanford team is to play in this city on the Saturday following.

SATURDAY'S MATCH.

On Saturday next the Victoria and the Port Townsend teams will be the contestants on the diamond at Oak Bay. The Townsend boys have a much stronger team than the one that they met over last season, several new players having been added to the team.

The home players are practicing hard every evening, and are daily getting into finer form, and expect to look a winner before long. The team will present a slightly different appearance on Saturday from that which has taken the field in the previous games. Capt. Smith taking third base and Barnes going on second. Kibbel remains on first, and McCann will be at short. The outfield will be made of Potts, Gowan and Harrison.

Saturday will also be the first "Ladies' Day" of the season. On this occasion the fair sex of Victoria will be the guests of the club, the ladies being invited to attend the game free. "Ladies' Day" last season was a great success, and the boys look forward to a bumper crowd on the occasion of their first "Ladies' Day" of the present season.

The grounds are again being mowed and rolled, and will, if anything, be in finer condition than they have been heretofore. The game will be called at the usual time.

THE OAR.

The J. R. A. A. club races, to be held on June 14th, promises to be of even more interest than those held a short time ago.

Several attacks of gas, which troubled me and bowel complaint, became quite frequent. The shadow of melancholia reappeared and caused me to wonder why a man of my lineage, strength and endurance and temperate habits should be thus afflicted.

Eminent specialists named it "miasm," others as noted said "microbe." I now say "coffee arabica." Why? Because for the first thirty years I did not drink coffee and enjoyed good health, the second thirty years coffee drinking became a habit and illness more than kept pace with the indulgence.

18 months ago I saw a shrewdly written statement of Postum Cereal Coffee. I gave it careful reading and thought, and as an experiment substituted Postum for Java and Mocha. For the first three days of the change I felt keenly the loss of my old friend, but after that the quality of the drink more than compensated the deprivation, and an astonishing change came in recurring hunger three times daily; I could scarcely wait for meals, a sensation I had not had for more than thirty years.

No Need of Cutting up 3/4 of a Yard of Velvet.

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If you do not find the letters **S.H.&M.** on the back of Bias Velveteen or Brush Edge Skirt Bindings they are not the best.

Plows, Straw Cutters

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For Sale by all First-Class Dealers.

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Soft Harness

You can make your harness as soft as a glove and as tough as wire by using EUREKA Harness Oil.

EUREKA Harness Oil

Makes a poor-looking harness look like a new one. Keeps the leather from cracking and keeps it soft and pliable. Prepared to suit all harnesses.

Made by EUREKA OIL COMPANY.

B. L. Baldwin, member of the Maritime League, has just returned from a visit to Victoria, accompanied by his wife. Mr. Baldwin is an Icelandic and is the editor of the Icelandic newspaper Heimur Kringla, which is published in the interests of the 15,000 of his country people who have settled in Winnipeg and other parts of the province.

Horace M. Walton, who is connected with the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. of New York, is paying a business visit to the city. He has been making a tour of the Western states and will return East by the C. P. R.

J. R. Lawrence, chief clerk of the Stevens Hotel, Seattle, arrived on the steamer Majestic yesterday afternoon, and is a guest at the Queen's hotel.

P. E. Turner, a well known local transfer man, left for England, via the Northern Pacific, yesterday. While in London he will attend the coronation.

G. H. Bacon and wife of San Francisco, are among the tourists at the Victoria hotel. They are visiting different points of interest to-day.

W. J. Hagan and Owen Graham, of Dunsmuir, are in the city on business. They are staying at the Dominion hotel.

C. H. Edgough, of Rosland, a well known business man, is staying at the Dominion hotel.

Andrew and Chas. Baxter, of Fort William, are among the guests at the Dominion hotel.

S. F. McKenzie was among the arrivals from Vancouver last evening by the steamer Charnier.

R. B. Hathorn, of the provincial police, chemist, is among the guests at the Victoria hotel.

James Lawn, of Rosland, is among the guests at the Dominion hotel.

L. P. Duff arrived from Vancouver by the steamer Charnier last evening.

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Mosley in all Colors, at Stevens & Jenkins.

84 DOUGLAS STREET.

REMOVAL.

Ledingham & Christie.

Carriage Builders, have removed from 111-113 to their new BRICK BUILDING, 111-113 GORMAN STREET, above Douglas.

The German steamer Koenig Albert, bound from Yokohama and Singapore for Hamburg, has landed 20 survivors of the British steamer Camoria at Naples.

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LIMITED.
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and Puvion Island Collieries

Steam Coal
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Run of the Mine,
Washed Nuts and Screenings

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All communications intended for publica-
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lowing places in Victoria:

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Douglas street.

SMITH'S CIGAR STAND, 23 Government
street.

KNIGHT'S STATIONERY STORE, 75
Yates street.

VICTORIA NEWS CO., LTD., 86 Yates
street.

VICTORIA BOOK AND STATIONERY
COMPANY, 81 Government street.

W. H. HIBBEN & COMPANY, 69 Govern-
ment street.

D. B. ORMOND, 62 Government street.

D. CAMPBELL, 62 Government street.

GEORGE MARSDEN, News Agent, corner
Yates and Government.

W. WATKIN (SWISS GROCERY), Regent
street.

W. WILBY, 61 Douglas street.

MRS. CROOK, Victoria West post office.
POPE STATIONERY COMPANY, 119 Govern-
ment street.

D. ROYDS, Dawson Hotel Entrance,
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West.

J. E. McDONALD, Oak Bay Junction.

Orders taken at Geo. Marsden's for de-
livery of Daily Times.

PETTY AND MEAN.

The buoyant revenues of the Dominion seem to constitute a grievance to the minds of the government party in the British Columbia legislature. When the leader of the auxiliary forces on the opposition side was explaining to the House the virtues of the government's late railway policy it is understood the very latest creation will soon be brought down—a few days ago, the Minister of Finance interjected a remark to the effect that the progressive policy of the government was most effective in augmenting the revenues of the Dominion. The member for Vancouver of course heartily concurred in this view. They both apparently regarded this as a most unfortunate state of affairs. The Premier also groans forth in his memorials that if the province had not been shorn of her right to collect duties, etc., she would not now be running behind at the rate of hundreds of thousands a year. It would be very interesting to find out who was the first discoverer of this grievance against the Dominion government. If it be a wrong it has existed ever since we joined confederation. It was not brought up during the twenty years the Dominion was under Conservatism. It is particularly noticeable that it was never thought of until the present Premier of British Columbia was installed in office. His chief councillors are well known. But it would scarcely be considered commendable to block the wheels of progress in British Columbia because the federal government profits by our activity. If such a state of affairs be an evil, it is an evil inseparable from the federal system. The Dominion government is deriving its share of the profits from the immense developments which are now going on in the Northwest Territories, Manitoba and New Ontario. Yet these territories and provinces are not uttering a word of complaint. They are doing all in their power to stimulate the movement. Let the Finance Minister examine the statistics and note the rate at which the revenue of the Dominion from the Northwest is increasing without a word of complaint from any source, and we fancy he will be more guarded in his utterances in future. The parties in power in the localities in which all this activity is being shown are doing their utmost to provide the new settlers with means of communication and transportation. The federal government is co-operating in this work. It will co-operate also in any bona-fide railway enterprise designed to promote development and settlement in British Columbia. In Manitoba and the territories it has lent its countenance to no paper charter monger. Nor will it recognise any such class in their province. The advisers of the Dominion also have a faculty of discovering when provinces are in earnest in their demands for railways calculated to promote settlement and development. It is well known that charters have been granted for the purpose of blocking the work they were ostensibly designed to promote. Let the government of British Columbia give some substantial evidence of the sincerity of its professions

in regard to railway building, and it will find that the Dominion government realises as fully as it does the importance of pushing British Columbia along. But in view of the occurrences of the last two sessions of the local House, is it any wonder that British Columbia is lagging behind in the great provincial procession of progress? Let the Finance Minister and his colleagues cast aside the miserable pettiness of their views, look at public questions from a point of view worthy of this great province, and a change will soon be due.

THE FISHERIES CONFERENCE.

The conference held at Ottawa between the Dominion Ministers and the representatives of the governments of all the provinces except British Columbia, to discuss the question of the ownership and the regulation of the fisheries left the matter in much the same position as it found it. It will be remembered that the effect of the judgment of the Privy Council was to vest the ownership of the fisheries in the provinces, but the right to fix the close seasons, to make regulations and to determine the nature of the apparatus with which fish shall be caught is reserved to the Dominion. This seems a somewhat complicated arrangement, and there still remains the question of the ownership of the foreshores to be definitely settled, although it is claimed assurances have been given that if the taking of fish in traps along the foreshores in this province be resorted to there will be no interference from Ottawa. Judging from the opinion expressed at the meeting, the feeling in general in other provinces is that the simplest way out of the present complications would be to have the seacoast fisheries entirely in the hands of the Dominion, the administration of the fresh water fisheries to be continued within provincial jurisdiction. But the waters of the Eastern provinces are not fruitful in salmon and there is no prospect of their producing a fair revenue for the governments. Here the circumstances are entirely different and lend a somewhat different aspect to the case. If the other provinces had a just right to the revenue produced by an industry which is at present of great value and under judicious treatment promises to become still greater, value every year, not one of them would think of turning it over to the federal government. Quebec, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island claim that the Privy Council judgment gives them the ownership of the fisheries within three miles of their coast, and that in consequence they are entitled to have divided amongst them the Halifax award amounting to \$4,500,000, with interest. It will be admitted, therefore, that there are matters of considerable magnitude affecting the interests of all the provinces bordering on tidal waters still to be settled. It will probably be years before the complications are entirely cleared away. The government of British Columbia will no doubt be represented at the further conference arranged for the autumn, when in conjunction with other representatives of the provinces efforts will be made to reach a tentative agreement which will fully protect our interests while the matters in dispute are being argued.

POLITICIANS RAGE.

The discussions in the House are becoming somewhat warm, to keep in harmony with the condition of the atmosphere, probably. If the temperature continues to rise there may be an explosion which will take the roof off our beautiful Parliament buildings. We hope the bowels of this island do not become heated in sympathy, for in that case Victoria might be buried under volcanic matter, after the manner of St. Pierre. It must be remembered that there is a mysterious sympathy between the more powerful of nature's forces; that when one of them breaks the bonds that prevent it from doing mischief, others are often tempted to follow its example. For instance, we are told by the correspondents that when the craters near St. Pierre vomited forth volcanic fires and other agents of destruction the lightning from the clouds joined in this elemental orgy, seemingly delighted with the terrible work which was going on. Therefore we warn our legislators to be careful, for they too are works of nature in some cases rather crude works, we admit—but still works, and it is hard to say what effect their unruly passions may have upon the unknown forces under our feet. Besides, there is no excuse for so much heat in a place where the coolest of water surrounds us on all sides. The members should extinguish completely the slumbering volcanoes within their breasts before they go upon duty. The opposition should also make due allowance for the state of mind to which the government forces have been reduced. If the opposition had prepared nearly half a dozen railway policies in the hope of getting one of the lot through the House, they too would have been in a state of mind if they had found that each one had some feature which was objectionable to an element sufficiently large to defeat them. It is unreasonable to expect members to be able to do justice to themselves in parliamentary language under such circumstances. There is the copation, too—the spectacle of centuries—awaiting prorogation, as well as events in connection therewith which are expected to be even more interesting. Positively the opposition should deal gently with the government, and try to avoid a repetition of

the scenes of yesterday, which are no credit to our institutions.

And yet it is not so very unreasonable on the part of the opposition to ask that the government shall finally make up its mind upon its railway policy and submit it to the House before supply be granted. It is rumored that another railway bill is in course of preparation. It might prove as grotesque a creation as the contract which was all new except the signatures. North Victoria is still unrepresented, also. The government may reasonably be compelled to attempt a justification of its action in that matter before it be granted supply. That is the point at which a most effective fight can be put up. The province of British Columbia cannot submit to treatment such as that which provinces revolution in South American republics, at the hands of the representatives of a minority. As there seems no way under present conditions out of the deadlock which has arisen, as there is every indication that fever heat has not yet been reached in the relationship between the members on the opposite sides of the House, we think the government would be wise if it deferred to public opinion so far as to ask for a dissolution. According to the statements of its organ, it has nothing to fear as a result of such action. We are told that not more than two of the members of the opposition would be returned if a general election were held. Advantage should be taken of this state of public opinion to get rid of all the obstructionists by one great sweep. The conditions may never again be as favorable. Not only that, but British Columbia is entitled to a government with a following sufficient to be able to transact necessary public business. The present situation is having a very prejudicial effect upon the industrial progress of the province, although we believe the opposition has done no more than its duty in opposing with all its might the various deals which have been revealed. Let an appeal be taken to the people. Let them be the judges. Better to endure a week or two of general political excitement than prolong the present state of uncertainty for an indefinite period.

The peace negotiations are hanging fire, but there is not much doubt as to the outcome. The Boers have had enough of fighting. They know to look for intervention is useless, and to hold out for a much longer time against the power of Britain is hopeless. Their leaders are anxious to be placed in a position to say the war was brought to an end by negotiation. They are also eager to make some arrangement with the British government which will enable the men who follow the occupation of farming to commerce business in a larger style than would be possible without assistance. It will take some time to complete these negotiations, but there is little doubt the war is practically over.

The Colonel may now be expected to bring his batteries to bear on Captain Tatlow instead of Mr. Smith Curtis. Both have been guilty of the unpardonable sin, but the member for Vancouver has aggravated his offence by daring to lift his hand against the anointed one. He has earned the right to a course of special treatment.

There is every indication that the Colonel is none too proud of the political alliance he has formed. He would like to turn back, but he is doomed to share the fate of his extremely capable colleagues.

DISGRACEFUL PROCEEDINGS.

To the Editor:—I have just read in the morning paper the report of last night's proceedings of the legislative assembly and have turned with a feeling of intense disgust from the part which tells of the gross insult offered by the Premier to Mr. Speaker, the House and Capt. Tatlow. As the Colonist's reports are notoriously partial—suppressing much that bears heavily on government members and misrepresenting the members and doings of the opposition—I must wait for the appearance of the Times this evening to glean a correct idea of what took place. The language of the Premier must have been indeed outrageous when the Colonel is forced to say that, seated in the treasury benches, surrounded by his ministers, backed by a pliant majority, and beneath the eye and with- in the hearing of Mr. Speaker, he hurled across the House of the House of Commons the epithets "liar and cur." In any other British assembly the use of such language would have called forth a withering rebuke from Mr. Speaker and an instant demand for an apology. No further business would have been transacted until an apology had been made or the offender had withdrawn. Before the House adjourned the Premier withdrew his offensive remark, but added insult to injury by claiming that his words were justified by the language of Capt. Tatlow. What was the provoking language? The Colonist says that Capt. Tatlow charged that the Premier had conspired with the Premier to pocket \$2,000,000 through the passage of the Mackenzie & Mann charter. Considering that the Premier is under indictment, so to speak, before a Royal Commission for trying to do exactly what Capt. Tatlow charges; and considering, too, that documentary and oral evidence produced before the commission and the Premier's public utterances at the theatre show that the agreement which was to convey to Mackenzie & Mann 10,000,000 acres of land and \$2,000,000 of public money depended upon the purchase of the E. & N. railway by that firm for the sum of \$2,000,000, the country is bound to assume that the indignation of the Premier was simulated and that in adopting the language of the gutter to express his feelings he disapproved nothing and lowered himself in the eyes of the public and reduced the

Clocks, Clocks, Clocks.

We have just opened a new stock of mantel clocks in bronze, marble and polished wood cases, all of which are guaranteed to be good timekeepers, and the prices low. Also a few of the new electric clocks, which, when once put in place and started, require no winding nor attention for eighteen months. They are worth inspection.

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10 lbs. FRESH BUTTER	\$2.70	CHOICE PASTRY FLOUR	\$1.00
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21 lbs. B. C. GRAN. SUGAR	1.00	R. C. GRAN. SUGAR	4.75

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THE KNOW-IT-ALL
Catholic Standard.
Most aggravatin' customer wuz Nicodemus Brown.
Who knowed it all, an' bound to have his say.
There wuzn't no theatre play 'at ever come to town.
But Brown he'd git to see it night or day.
He'd make a p'nt to git his seat 'fore any of the rest.
An' when the curtain riz upon the play,
An' all the actors got to work a-doin' of their best.
He'd snicker in his aggravatin' way.
An' when the most excitin' part of all wuz gettin' near,
Old Brown he'd whisper loud enough for everyone to hear:
"I'll bet you 'I kin tell what's comin' next."
Thar wuzn't any curin' him. He'd be the same in church.
Or anywhere he happened fur to be,
Fur like an old poll-parrot jest a-settin' on its perch,
He squawk to all his critics: "Talk is free."
But when the grip wuz curin' 'round, an' winter wuz a year,
It tackled onto Nick and took him down;
An' then he got religion, fur he thought his end wuz near.
An' 'sore enough that was the end of Brown.
His folks were all a-gathered 'round, an' jest afore he died,
While Deacon Jones wuz readin' of a text,
The sick man smiled, and "Well, I'm done with this here world," he sighed,
"I bet you 'I kin tell what's comin' next."

DISRAELI'S JOKES.
Chambers's Journal.
Disraeli dearly loved a joke at the expense of others. An author who had sent his latest effort in fiction to him received the following complimentary acknowledgment:
"I thank you for the book you sent me, and will have no time in reading it."
"I wonder what makes my eyes so weak?" a fierce Radical once said to Disraeli.
"It is because they are in a weak place."

LET JOE READ THIS.
Ottawa Journal.
With some politicians it is the fashion to sneer at the enterprise of the press. Hon. Charles E. Littlefield, of Maine, one of the ablest members of the United States congress, has a different tone. He has just remarked in an interview that:
"If it were not for the newspapers, the jobs which would go through congress are terrible to contemplate. If there were no newspapers at all, I don't believe I would be willing to trust myself alone in the House of Representatives for fifteen minutes."

HERE'S A PIPE STORY.
Detroit News.
Lightning cuts all sorts of funny capers, but hitting the pipe is perhaps a new one. A smoker at River Rouge who sat puffing his Mileport meerschaum in the face of elemental majesty never dreamed that the elements might take offence. The lightning did not punish him for his lack of taste, it merely knocked the pipe out of the smoker's mouth, and hurled it to the ground so forcibly that it was buried in the soil. Those who smoke tobacco and cling to one pipe until the fumes of nicotine should take warning, for other offenders may be treated more harshly.

"We Have Long Since Been Invited"
To Place

FIT-REFORM

In other markets.

Our home trade however is of sufficient importance to keep us busy, and at times it is barely possible for us to meet the demand.

The increase in the sale of Fit-Reform throughout Canada is but natural, and is due entirely to the fact that we have lived up to our original promise.

Viz: Clothing Ready-to-wear equal to the custom tailor, at one half the cost.

SPECIAL

Our entire stock of new high grade furnishings must be cleared out to make room for Fit-Reform Clothing. We haven't room to show both, so the furnishings must go; 20 per cent. off all furnishings.

Fit-Reform Wardrobe

GOVERNMENT ST.

Good Coffee FOR BREAKFAST

Everyone enjoys it. Almost everything else can be done without—but the Cup of Coffee—we must have that—if nothing else. We have built up a large Coffee trade by supplying a good article of Coffee that pleases the most particular Coffee drinker. Coffee demands attention—we give it such demands; close watching—we watch it closely. Is it any wonder that our MOCHA and JAVA at 40c. per lb. is the best Coffee at the price you can buy in Victoria? Don't be satisfied with poor Coffee when you can have such delicious Coffee at this low price.

The Saunders Grocery Co., Ltd.

PHONE 28. 39 AND 41 JOHNSON STREET.

THE MOST ADVANTAGEOUS

Time to begin a commercial course, if you have in view the purpose of obtaining employment, is now. Our experience teaches us that in the spring and fall we place the greatest number of students, because at that time the business of our cities, and in fact the whole province, creates a larger demand.
Remember, the volume of commerce is not stationary, but is increasing from year to year; so if you want speedy employment you should begin your course now, as we will be able to place you into a business office as soon as you are through. This is a guarantee which we may safely make; we are not speculating on a possibility or on luck, but we are relying on the experience of past years. It only rests with you to advance yourself in the world, we are in a position to give you a start.
One point more, the demand for young men is always larger than the supply, in fact we need young men very much, as we have four positions now which we are unable to fill, and if you are a young man who has a fairly good education, you cannot help but get ahead, if you know how to do what has to be done in a business office in a businesslike way. Please consider that the young men of to-day must, in the natural course of human events, be the business men of ten years hence. The business world is like a tree; it has to take its increase from where it is planted, and the business of the province needs fresh young minds in order to grow.
The Vogel Commercial College, Vancouver, B. C.

Public Meeting

In response to an influential requisition I have pleasure in asking the citizens to attend a Public Meeting, to be held in the City Hall on Thursday next, the 29th instant, at the hour of 8 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of considering the best way of observing "Constitution Day," the 20th proximo.

CHARLES HAYWARD,
Mayor.
Victoria, B.C., May 27th, 1902.

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A Spring Tonic of Great Merit.

Mount Sicker Camp.

NOW IS YOUR CHANCE
to be on the ground floor, as this district cannot fail to become the largest in B. C.
The Copper Canyon Mine, by the last few strikes of very rich ore, has proved to be on the same ledge as the Lenora and Tye Mines.
A LIMITED AMOUNT of treasury stock of the Mount Sicker & Bremont Mining Co. will be sold at 5c. per share (par value 25c.), in fact JUST ENOUGH to complete the working and start the mine shipping. As soon as this occurs you will find it difficult to purchase the stock at par.
Apply to
W. A. DIER, 41 GOVERNMENT STREET.

WEATHER BULLETIN.
Daily Report Furnished by the Victoria Meteorological Department.

Victoria, May 28.—5 a. m.—The barometer abnormally low off this Coast and extended to the Territories, and comparatively high from Oregon to California. Rain has been general west of the Cascades and also in the Territories. The weather is generally fair with a warm throughout the Territories and south.

Forecasts.
For 30 hours ending 5 p. m. Thursday.
Victoria and vicinity: Southerly winds, dry, cloudy and a little warmer, with showers, chiefly at night.
Interior: Mainly cloudy, with occasional rains, not much change in temperature.

Reports.
Victoria—Barometer, 30.00; temperature, minimum, 47; wind, calm; rain, .20; other, rain.
New Westminster—Barometer, 30.00; temperature, 48; wind, calm; rain, .20; other, rain.
Kamloops—Barometer, 29.74; temperature, minimum, 36; wind, calm; weather, dry.
Barkerville—Barometer, 30.15; temperature, 30; minimum, 36; wind, calm; rain, .10; weather, rain.
San Francisco—Barometer, 30.00; temperature, minimum, 52; wind, 12 miles; weather, clear.

City News in Brief.

TERRY & MARETT.

We should be pleased to be your Chemist as to add your name to our list of satisfied patrons. Our claim for this is "FIDELITY, ACCURACY, SKILL AND PROMPTNESS."
E. G. COE, 3011 AND DOUGLAS STS.
Yesterday the pump at the Yates road station was started up afresh, being in disuse for two years past, order to ensure a full supply of water the higher parts of the city.

—Weekly excursions to Port Angeles, Port Townsend and Seattle on steamers *Onion* and *Majestic*. One fare for round trip. Return tickets good on the steamer, on sale Saturdays and Sundays. E. B. Blackwood, Agent.

—Mr. Maurice Harris and Miss Nettie Smith were united in the holy bonds of matrimony at the home on Monday, 19th, by Rev. Dr. Campbell. Yesterday Dr. Campbell performed the ceremony that united in marriage Carl E. Schumann and Mary E. Schred, both of Whistler Island.

—Tug *Lorne* came from the Cape this morning after towing the coal laden ship *harrow* to sea. This afternoon the tug leaves for Chemainus to take the lumber laden ship *Star of Bengal* down the Royal Roads, she, as also the *King Cyrus*, another vessel at the wharf, being ready for sea. The *Star of Bengal* will come here for a crew.

—While speaking at the recent Royal banquet at Burlington house, a Prince of Wales, referring to the money through the Empire, said: "The double parliamentary buildings of Ottawa and Victoria, British Columbia, are deemed worthy examples of architectural design. We were also particularly struck with the artistic taste displayed in the street decorations and illuminations."

W. FAWCETT

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DR. DOUGLAS ST. AND KING'S ROAD.
Telephone 30 when you want your Drugs, chemicals or Toilet Articles. Will deliver all parts of the city. Personal attention night and day.

—The thirtieth anniversary of open Josephine hotel was celebrated last evening. A few intimate friends were retained to dinner, when numerous acts of congratulation on the marked success of the business during its existence were well wished for the future were tendered the toast. The evolution of the mansion hotel, especially during the time Mr. Jones has been proprietor, tells story of unqualified success. There is now \$83,000 invested in the Dominion hotel.

LEADS THEM ALL IN PROFITS.

THE MUTUAL LIFE OF CANADA
Leads all Canadian Life Companies For 1901 in DIVIDENDS TO POLICYHOLDERS!
It paid out of its Surplus in Cash, or applied in reduction of premiums that year, more than any other life insurance company. And it held at its close, for the security of its policyholders, undistributed Surplus amounting to \$79,970, and in Reserve \$5,301,100.
The company that does the best for Policyholders is the best company for them.

W. Bodley, Special Agent
R. L. DRURY, Provincial Manager
34 Broad Street

—Spragg's floor oil, \$1 a gallon.

—R.M.S. *Empress of China* arrived at Hongkong from Victoria at 9 a. m. today.

—A gang of men are at work removing the rock from the upper end of Johnson street, which will be opened up as far as the Fernwood road.

—F. Elworthy, secretary of the board of trade, is having a busy time just now balancing up the accounts of the hospital board, board of trade and other societies with which he is connected.

—The work of block-paving Government street, which has been under consideration for some time past, will be commenced early in June. When completed, the principal street of the city will be greatly improved in appearance.

—For the last few days the steamer *Maletia* has been running on the Victoria and Sound route without the use of her high pressure cylinder. This she broke on a recent trip out from port and she has since been obliged to go without.

—The tennis courts in connection with the Victoria Athletic Association are rapidly nearing completion. Men have been employed on them for some time past, and it is expected that the courts will be ready for use shortly after the first of the month.

—Thomas Wingate, who was arrested by Detective Perkins last evening for having failed to appear in answer to a summons charging him with vagrancy, was brought up in the police court this morning and remanded until tomorrow at the request of his counsel, Ernest Powell.

—Co. Sergeant-Major Richardson and Co. Sergeant-Major McDougall leave on Thursday, next week, for the East to join the Bideley team, proceeding thence to the old country. All the literature which the Tourist Association wish them to distribute will therefore have to be ready before that time.

—Mr. Justice Irving left for Vancouver last night, and all applications on the Chamber court list for this morning had to stand over in consequence, there being no judge in town to hold Chambers. The application by defendants for an order for accounts and enquiries made before Mr. Justice Irving in Chambers yesterday, in the case of White vs. Eberts & Taylor, was dismissed after consideration. His Lordship holding that Order No. 1, rule 1, does not contemplate an application of this sort.

—At 3.30 this afternoon, the new steamer *Venture* leaves the Victoria Machine Company's wharf on her trial trip. Capt. Otto Buckle, who is to have command of the new craft, will be in charge, and a cruise in the Straits will be made. A small party will be on board.

—A pleasant outing is anticipated. The vessel's homeward trip is about completed. A sailing vessel, all the upper part, and on the broad expanse of the deck there is nothing but a small pilot house and smokestack, which give a symmetrical effect to the ship's lines.

—Private advices were received yesterday evening reporting the death at San Jose, California, of George M. Leishman, of this city, deceased whose wife and two children are at present residing on the Dallas road, went south for his health eight or ten days ago. He has been ailing for some time, but the news of his demise last night came as a shock and severe shock to relatives in this city. At one time Mr. Leishman was travelling representative of the Ogilvie Milling Company, and was always regarded a very popular business man. He was 50 years of age.

—Horse fanciers are greatly interested in what arrangement the Agricultural Association will be able to arrive at with the city council in regard to the exhibition to be held here this summer. One said this morning that he personally had endeavored to rent the race track adjoining, but was refused because of the prospective exhibition. In Seattle he stated that there are fully one hundred horses in training this year, and had he been able to obtain the track here there would also be a large number of animals on the local course, which would mean the circulation of much money during the year.

—The price of oats advanced \$2 a ton yesterday, says the Seattle Post-Intelligencer. "For some time past \$30 has been the quotation. In Seattle and other cities of the state the price has been advanced to \$32, resulting largely, Lilly Bogardus & Co. says, through an invasion of British buyers. Representatives of Victoria and Vancouver firms have been contracting oats throughout the Puget Sound section for a week or ten days. The Breckman-Kerr Company, of Victoria, has been awarded another contract by the Imperial war office for furnishing 5,000 tons of oats for use of the military in South Africa. The order the company finds can be filled more advantageously from this state. Last week its agents made heavy purchases of La Crosse flat oat growers."

—Mr. Thos. T. Langlois, president of the B. C. Permanent Loan & Savings Co., came over from Vancouver last night and is stopping at the Strand. Mr. Langlois reports that his company is loaning a large amount of money at a very profitable rate of interest. During the past ten weeks the company has put through one hundred and thirty-nine loans, amounting to one hundred and forty-four thousand dollars. Some of the people of Victoria have got so used to getting 5 per cent. and 6 per cent. for their money on first mortgage loans that they cannot understand how this company can make 10 per cent. on its money and get good loans, but the facts of the case are that they are getting much better securities than many of those who are loaning at low rates. The main reason for this is that the company has the necessary machinery in operation in all the best towns and cities from Winnipeg to Victoria to secure the available loans, and the easy monthly payment system, together with prompt attention and fair treatment is attractive to the borrowers, and this is willing to pay a little higher rate of interest for these advantages.



A New Broom Sweeps Clean

Only when it is a good one—which rule holds good with all other housecleaning essentials. Either get the best or your labor will be in vain. We carry the best goods of this kind. Those that clean well and wear well.

Johns Bros.

Wholesale and Retail Grocers and Butchers.
239 DOUGLAS STREET.

TRY A BOTTLE OF PULMONIC COUGH CURE.

It will stop that cough. Made only by HALL & CO., DISPENSING CHEMISTS, Clarence Block, Cor. Yates & Douglas Sts.

A PIONEER SETTLER VISITING VICTORIA

John Dobbins, Formerly of Ontario and Now of Manitoba, Interviewed—Speaks Highly of Province.

John Dobbins, of Melita, Manitoba, a town situated some 80 miles southwest of Brandon, is visiting Victoria for a few days. Mr. Dobbins is one of those who took up lands in the district which is now the prosperous province of Manitoba when that country was but sparsely populated. His career has been an exceedingly checked one. He was probably one of the warmest admirers of the late Sir John A. Macdonald during the regime of that government ruling on two occasions of a supporter of that administration in Ontario. He was pitted against Alex. Mackenzie in the county of Lambton by the Conservatives and later against David Mills in the county of Northwell, but was defeated on both occasions. However, he said this morning that he had put up a good fight and was not sorry he had given a fore Mr. Justice Irving in Chambers yesterday, in the case of White vs. Eberts & Taylor, was dismissed after consideration. His Lordship holding that Order No. 1, rule 1, does not contemplate an application of this sort.

When settling in Manitoba Mr. Dobbins was of course favored by the government and procured lands to the extent of about 5,300 acres. Speaking of last year's crops he said that he had never seen a year yet when the returns had been so large. On his property alone some 55,000 bushels of wheat and 6,000 bushels of barley and oats had been reaped. The total crop came to about 40,000 bushels. The farmers of Manitoba, according to Mr. Dobbins, are more than satisfied with the results of the last crop. Referring to the price he said that he had always found it best to take advantage of the first price offered instead of doing, as some did, namely, waiting until later in the year for higher offers.

The immigration which has recently started to such a great extent into the Territories, Mr. Dobbins also speaks of. He said that the flow to all portions of the country which are unsettled is immense. Farmers from the United States and the old country are pouring in. Later he says the numbers from Great Britain have been larger than usual. They consist principally of Englishmen and Scotchmen, the Irishmen preferring to stay at home. Those coming from the American side, Mr. Dobbins affirms, are mostly those whose forefathers have been Canadians, who have tried to improve their fortunes by immigrating to the States, but who are returning again to their native soil.

Mr. Dobbins is enthusiastic in his predictions of the future possibilities of Canada. In speaking of the Dominion he calls it a wonderful country, rich in agricultural lands and mineral wealth. As an illustration of the present prosperous condition of Manitoba Mr. Dobbins instances how he, about five or six years ago, purchased three farms and recently sold them, easily doubling his money in the transaction. The progress of that province, he says, has been truly marvellous, and all those who get land there in the early days are now rich men. He himself brought about 250 settlers to the building of the transcontinental road, now the C.P.R. He says that those who undertook and made a success of that scheme having become millionaires, seem also to have become avaricious. He is of the opinion that where there is no competition the C.P.R. does the people great injustice by the exorbitant rates charged. He fought hard for competition in Manitoba, and says that the effect of the Mackenzie & Mann railway through Manitoba has made a wonderful difference, and he recommends railway competition in British Columbia if the people wish to see the Western province go ahead.

Mr. Dobbins, retired some five or six years ago from active business, and since then has been travelling a great deal. He visited the Paris exhibition and spent some time in France, and was also at the exposition at Buffalo, leaving a few days before the assassination of President McKinley. He is now making a tour of British Columbia, and his trip here is, he says, amply justified, if he saw nothing outside the marvellously beautiful scenery of the Rockies. This was a pleasure which alone would have repaid him for all the expense and trouble of the trip, but when added to the beauty of the Fraser river valley and other numerous points of interest his tour to the Pacific coast has so far been an unequalled success. He will spend some days here before continuing his trip, taking in points of interest.

IN THE LEGISLATURE.
Further Attempts Will Be Made to Apply the Closure.
The government has decided to attempt to apply the closure, as witness the following notice of motion by the Attorney-General:

To amend the rules and orders of the House in the following manner:
Strike out rule 37 and substitute the following in lieu thereof:
"That after a question has been proposed, a member rising in his place may claim to move 'That the question be now put,' and unless it shall appear to the chair that such motion is an abuse of the rules of the House, or an infringement of the rights of the minority, the question 'That the question be now put' shall be put forthwith, and decided without amendment, debate, or any interruption. This rule shall apply to all motions and questions and amendments thereto (including various stages of bills) in the House and in committee of the whole."

He will also attempt to provide for three sittings a day, as witness the following:
"That notwithstanding rules 1 and 2, or any other resolution of the House, that on Thursday next, and on all following days to the close of the session, unless the House shall otherwise order, the House shall meet for business at 10.30 a.m. If at 12.30 o'clock p.m. the business of the day be not concluded, Mr. Speaker shall leave the chair until 2.30 p.m., or until such other time as may be agreed upon. If at the hour of 6 o'clock p.m. the business of the day be not concluded, Mr. Speaker shall leave the chair until 8.30 p.m., or until such other hour as may be agreed upon."

The opposition met in caucus this morning, and it is said, agreed to make a fight against the government's attempt to apply the closure.

Mr. McBrine, on privilege, referred to an insulting article in the *Colonist*, charging the opposition with obstructing the business of the legislature.
In a few words he would state the opposition position.
The Attorney-General opposed any allowance of the opposition leader making any statement, holding that it was not privilege. The government was going to do the business of the country.
The speaker said no attack had been made on the opposition in the House. Mr. McBrine said that it was only take him two minutes to do so, but the government attempted to prevent him.
The leader of the opposition was attempting to make a statement on behalf of the opposition, namely, that if the government would agree to go to the House and make a statement after the estimates had been passed the opposition would co-operate to speedily pass those estimates. As an alternative, if the government would at once submit the railway bills and could pass them opposition would be dropped.
The point of order was being argued at time of going to press.

—Keep your butter, milk and meats fresh and wholesome by getting a good refrigerator now, at *Wellers*.

—Major-General Sir Charles Parsons, K. C. M. G., commanding the Imperial troops in Canada, arrived in Victoria last night on the *Charmers*. The general is accompanied by Capt. Muspratt-Williams, his assistant military secretary. Sir Charles, who is the guest of Colonel Grant at Wank Point, is on a visit of inspection, and will probably stay for a week.

—The lacrosse match which was scheduled to be played between the intermediate teams—V.A.C. and Victoria—on Saturday next at Caledonia Park has been postponed until the 14th. The junior match, as announced, will take place between the Central school and Capital City teams. This evening the Capital City players will hold a practice, at which the team to represent them on Saturday will be chosen.

—A meeting of the executive of the Victoria Baseball Association was held the other evening, when it is understood the question of what offer shall be made the intermediate league if they arrange to play at Oak Bay in connection with the senior games was discussed. Some decision was reached and the secretary of the intermediate league has been notified. He will bring the matter up at a meeting of the executive of the intermediate association, when it will be decided whether the senior's offer will be accepted or not. If accepted the schedule will be drawn up immediately.

—Herbert Cuthbert, travelling representative of the Victoria Tourists' Association, leaves on his second tour in the interests of that organization in a few days. He is waiting now until the arrangements for the Coronation celebration have been completed in order that on his trip he will be enabled to advertise the event and to arrange, if possible, for a number of excursions. One has already been fixed from Southern California, and Mr. Cuthbert is now in correspondence with the transcontinental railway regarding others. As previously stated, his tour will be through Washington, Oregon and Montana.

BEACON BROKE LOOSE.

The One at Shoal Point Carried Away by Scow Last Night.

While attempting to run into Shoal Bay for shelter last night the tug *Vancouver*, Capt. Rush, carried away the Shoal Point beacon. The steamer had a scow load of lumber in tow, which in the high wind and the strong tide running temporarily became unmanageable. Despite the efforts of the steamer's scow came into collision with the beacon, smashing it from its moorings. For three hours she worked back and forth, and it was only with the greatest difficulty that the scow was brought to a safe anchorage.

Regarding the removal of the beacon Cape Gairdner, the local agent of marine and fisheries, issued the following notice to mariners this morning:
Pending the erection of Shoal Point beacon, which has been destroyed by passing steamer, the red beacon light at the entrance to Victoria Harbour will not be exhibited.

—Members of the J.R.A.A. who are peacefully inclined, will be greatly pleased to hear that a punching ball has been installed in the gymnasium room of the association. Other improvements are also contemplated.

—A committee meeting of the British Columbia branch of the Navy League will be held on Wednesday evening next. There is considerable business to be dealt with, among which will be the election of officers for the coming year. A large attendance is requested.

—The intermediate baseball game which has been in progress for the past few evenings between the Fernwood and Young National teams, was brought to a close last evening. The Fernwoods won the last two innings by a score of 7 to 3 after a very interesting contest. W. P. Marchant gave satisfaction as referee.

Gentlemen
You can get just what you want for
A Summer Suit
If you call and see the latest Imported Goods. No two alike.

Peden's,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
36 FORT STREET.
Successor to Geo. E. Jackson.

Rubber Hose
Better Value Than Ever.
Watson & McGregor,
Phone 745. 80 Johnson St.

Radiger & Janion
AGENTS PACIFIC STEEL CO.
Manufacturers of Charcoal Pig Iron
We carry a full line of their various grades. Shipments made to any part of British Columbia.
ALSO AGENTS WASHINGTON MINING SYNDICATE
Blacksmiths' Coal
Equal to Cumberland, but much cheaper. A trial solicited.

SOCIETY NOTES.
Doing in Lodge Circles—L. O. O. F. Meetings and A. O. U. W. Socials.

The regular meeting of Colfax Lodge, No. 1, L. O. O. F., was held in the lodge rooms last evening. Besides a large attendance of members of the society there were a number of visitors present from Duncan and other points, one coming from as far as Oakland, California. After the disposal of the routine business the subject for the evening was discussed, and will be elected in the near future. All business on hand having been dealt with, those present spent the remainder of the evening in a pleasant social manner. One of the members who has just returned from a vacation trip back East gave a very interesting description of his experiences, and musical selections were also rendered. Refreshments were served and those present departed at a late hour, after having spent a thoroughly enjoyable time.

Victoria Lodge, No. 1, A. O. U. W.: Will hold a social gathering on June 1st at their rooms, when members of the Degrees of Honor will be entertained to an excellent programme of music, recitations, etc. Facilities for dancing will be provided, and a good time may confidently be looked forward to by all those who attend.

The local A. O. U. W. societies are making an effort to introduce into their proceedings more of the social element and members are requested to aid as much as in their power towards the success of this object.

A meeting of Colfax Lodge, L. O. O. F., will be held this evening, when a large attendance is requested. Business of unusual interest will be dealt with. Work in the degrees, it is expected, will be performed.

On Thursday evening a meeting of Dominion Lodge, No. 4, L. O. O. F., will be held at their rooms, when members of the degrees will be present. Business of unusual interest will be dealt with. Work in the degrees, it is expected, will be performed.

Among other matters a number of initiations, it is understood, will be made, while a candidate will be given the third degree. Should there be time it is likely that the series of lectures being given by Mr. McBrine on "Aid to the Wounded" will be continued. A large attendance is requested.

Members of the societies' reunion committee are asked to remember the meeting to be held at the Pioneer hall on Thursday evening next.

Special Bargain
10 acres, nearly all cleared, mostly cultivated, inside city limits, not far from car line, price \$2,500.00.
SWINERTON & ODDY,
108 GOVERNMENT STREET.

We Are Remington's.
ARE YOU?
If not, get in line at once, and purchase a Remington Typewriter. Facts to consider: Sales for first four months of this year exceeded by 2,000 machines the best previous four months in the history of these world renowned machines. Factory is now 3,000 machines behind in orders, but we have some to send you. Get a Typewriter swinging stand attached to your office desk. The most useful thing ever put on the market.

M. W. WAIT & CO.,
41 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Balbriggan Summer Underwear
A two-thread cotton underwear that will wear and give every satisfaction; light in weight, cool, comfortable and nicely finished with satin fronts, jersey necks and pearl buttons. The sizes are 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48. All sizes for \$1.00 the suit.
W. G. Cameron,
Victoria's Cheapest Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson street.

Special.
Armour's French Potage, glass jars, 15c
Armour's Deviled Chicken, 25c
Oxford Merguez, Lunch Corned Beef, Roast Fowl, etc. All suitable goods to fill your lunch basket.
Watson & Hall
PHONE 448. 55 YATES ST.

New Vancouver Coal Co., LIMITED.
NANAIMO, B. C.
SAMUEL M. ROBINS, SUPERINTENDENT.
Coal Mined by White Labor.
New Wellington Coal
Washed Nuts - \$5.00 per ton
Sack and Lumps, \$6.00 per ton
Delivered to any part within the city limits.
KINGHAM & CO.,
14 Broad St., Cor. Truncheon Alley.
Wharf-Spratt's Wharf-Score Street.
Telephone Call: 42.
Rubber Hose
Better Value Than Ever.
Watson & McGregor,
Phone 745. 80 Johnson St.

McLaren's Table Jellies

You should try same; they are one of the best on the market. No trouble making them. In assorted flavors.

Raspberry, Strawberry, Cherry, Pineapple, Pistachio, Lemon, Orange, Vanilla. Selling for 10c per package.

MOWAT & WALLACE,

GROCERS, CORNER YATES AND DOUGLAS STREETS.

THE SOCIETY FOR VOTERS' EDUCATION

LEAGUE HAS BEEN FORMALLY ORGANIZED

Will Endeavour to Secure the Combined Action of Electorate on Matters Affecting General Welfare.

The Voters' League held an important meeting in the Pioneer hall last evening. C. E. Redfern presided, and there was a good attendance. The following have joined the league already: A. J. Morley, R. Seabrook, T. W. Walker, H. H. Jones, A. M. Jones, A. Stewart, H. Blake, R. Ryan, P. C. McGregor, Alex. Peden, F. R. Smith, Anton Henderson and C. E. Redfern.

A. J. Morley, who has been acting as secretary, was appointed to that office for three months.

The consideration of the various clauses of the constitution was resumed, and after some discussion the full text was decided upon as follows:

Resolved:

1. That the organization shall be called the Voters' League.

2. That the object of the league shall be to bring all voters of the province into closer touch and sympathy, to obtain the fullest and most reliable information upon all matters of vital importance, either municipal or provincial or federal, by means of investigating committees arranged for as hereinafter described.

3. That the reports of the committees may be imperially discussed at general meetings taking place simultaneously at each voting district in the province, and the results of the discussions be collected and distributed as hereinafter described.

4. That this organized method of blending of thought and action along lines of intelligence, may ensure after and more concerted action in all matters affecting the stability and welfare of our province.

5. That all registered voters shall be entitled to membership.

6. That the league shall consist of branches throughout the province, each having its own secretary and system of committees as hereinafter described.

7. That there shall be a general secretary at a convenient point in the province for receiving and distributing the results of meetings; he shall be elected annually and receive remuneration from all the branches.

8. That the branch secretary shall be elected by nomination and ballot at a regular meeting; he shall serve for three months without remuneration.

9. A chairman shall be elected at each meeting, and it shall be the bounden duty of the members of the organization present to assist the chairman in maintaining order and in carrying out the discussions according to the conditions set forth in this constitution.

10. That committees shall be arranged for as follows: Each voter shall be registered in his district by number, all the numbers shall be placed in a ballot box, from which, as need arises, as many numbers as are required for committees work shall be drawn. The numbers drawn shall not be returned to the box until the remaining numbers have been drawn for the remaining subsequent committees; by this constant bringing new life and fresh intelligence to the active work of the league, the danger of individual or clique control is avoided against, as the consequent stagnation that has attended public movements in the past, averted. To avoid delay it would be well at the close of a discussion and consequent dismissal of the acting committee, that a fresh committee shall be elected for coming service.

11. That in municipal matters the work of the league shall be kept within the limits of the municipalities concerned.

12. That in matters of vital interest to the province at large, on notice being given for a general investigation and discussion, a date shall be set for a meeting to take place at each voting district in the province. The committee last elected in each branch shall be required to make a full investigation and obtain all available information on the matter at issue, make a report at the meeting, and report at their respective meetings. These reports shall be fairly and impartially discussed strictly on merit as affecting the general interest, it being distinctly understood that no personalities of party political references shall be allowed in the discussions. The results of these several meetings shall be recorded in each district and forwarded to the general secretary, and the aggregate results distributed to all the districts.

13. That regular meetings shall take place every Tuesday evening, unless otherwise required by the by-laws of the different branches.

14. That any branch wishing to have any subject considered and discussed by the whole league shall, by a three-fourths vote of the members present, at a meeting of the said branch, have the consent of the general secretary to call for a general

Investigation and discussion of the said subject, and it shall be the duty of the said general secretary, upon receipt of said requisition, to notify the secretaries of all the branches to call meetings within fifteen days of the date of the requisition, for the purpose of considering and discussing the said subject.

15. Twelve members present at a meeting shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

16. The fee for membership shall be not less than 25 cents every three months.

17. Members shall be admitted to the meetings by producing the badge of the league, on which will be their registered number.

18. That proposed amendments to the constitution shall be arranged for in the same manner as in general discussions of all the branches, and shall be considered and acted upon at the time set by the general secretary for a general discussion, two-thirds of those present at a branch meeting having the power to bring forward such amendments, and two-thirds of the branches shall carry such amendments.

19. Each branch shall frame its own by-laws.

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laws for the conduct of its own business in conformity with the constitution.

An executive committee was appointed and the meeting then adjourned till Tuesday next.

RUSSIA IN ASIA.

In a less degree, but still to substantial purpose, the faculty possessed by the Russians of assimilating their subjects and eventually assimilating them provides the Slav Empire with a weapon against its Anglo-Saxon rival. Russian rule is now humane, or just, or honest. The British is not. But, for all that, the natives of Asia prefer the former. All their life, as nations, they have been accustomed to arbitrariness and cruelty on the part of their chiefs, and they entertain a distinct fancy for the license of anarchy. Where they are vulnerable is in their amorphousness. Their social dignity is dearer to them than most things. It is in this connection that the Russian scores. Far from asserting any superiority of race over the Asiatics, he will not only mix freely and familiarly with their kind, but actually lower himself before them by flattery this absence of ethnic pride leads to the marriage of the Russian with the native and to the gradual fusion of the two. Thus Russia in her onward march may devastate and commit other horrors, but at the same time she propagates and assimilates. Her reputation for tact and good comradeship precedes her and facilitates her task. Great Britain, on the other hand, confers all the blessings of an enlightened rule on her subjects, but the impression of it is effaced in their hearts by the dislike of the Anglo-Saxon for the "nigger" which appears in his aloofness, his literature, and often in deliberately perpetrated acts. The British present themselves in Asia as irreducible strangers, not even as permanent residents, but as flitting shadows, ever replacing one another on account of the climate. The Nineteenth Century.

MINING EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

(Furnished by A. W. More & Co., Ltd., 25 Broad Street.)

Toronto, May 28.—The following were the closing quotations on the Mining Exchange to-day:

Black Tail 13 1/2

Canadian G. F. B. 4 1/2

Cariboo McKinney 24 1/2

Cariboo Hydraulic \$1.20 \$1.00

Centre Star 40 3/4

Deer Trail Con. 6 1/2

Fairview Corp. 6 1/2

Giant 3 1/2

Iron Mask 20 1/2

Luna Pine-Surprise Con. 7 1/2

Morning Glory 3 1/2

Mountain Bell 26 1/2

North Star 27 1/2

Olive 6 1/2

Payne 25 1/2

Rambler Cariboo Con. 85 7/8

Republic 11 1/2

Sullivan 9 1/2

Village 15 1/2

War Eagle Con. 15 1/2

White Bear 39 1/2

Wonderful 34 1/2

Granby \$3.60 \$2.60

Sales.

White Bear, 2,000 at 3 1/2; 3,000 at 3 1/2.

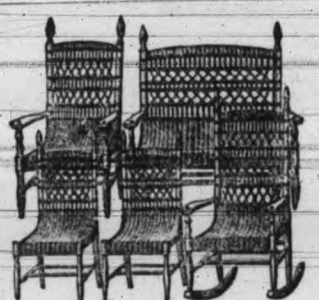
North Star, 2,000 at 2 1/2.

If you take a Laxa-Liver Pill at night before retiring, it will work while you sleep without a gripe or pain, curing biliousness, constipation, dyspepsia and all headaches.

The British museum recently came into possession of a fine example of the eggs of the great auk, believed to be one of the last specimens, if not the last, of the extinct colony of auks in Iceland.

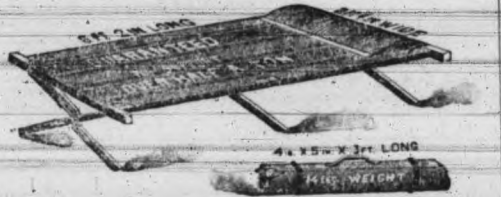
Summer and Camp Furnishings

--HEADQUARTERS--



Reed Verandah Chairs and Lawn Settees.

Large variety shown on fourth floor. Light, strong and comfortable.



Gold Medal Camp Furniture

Lightest and strongest made. Beds, Chairs, Stools and Bath Tubs. Have received the highest praise from officers of the army in all parts of the country.

Red Fibre Extension Lunch or Travelling Cases

Most convenient, lightest and strongest made.
12-inch each 80c.
14-inch each \$1.25
16-inch each \$1.50
18-inch each \$2.00
22-inch each \$2.25



Oval Wire Dish Covers, best English make.

14-inch 50c.
16-inch 60c.
18-inch 75c.
20-inch 85c.

Parties going camping, picnicking, boating or driving, will find our Fibre Lunch Boxes the most convenient.

WEILER BROS., Camp. FURNISHERS FOR HOME OR GOVERNMENT ST.

Dr. McLaughlin's Method



Dr. McLaughlin Gives His Reason for the Popularity of His Electric Belt.

Electricity, as furnished by my Belt, cures by giving back to the weakened nerves, muscles and organs the vitality they have lost, reducing inflammation, developing the full vigor of health and removing the effects of overwork, exposure to weather and long-continued sickness. You can be cured if you will grasp the opportunity. My Electric Belt has restored to health and strength thousands of nervous, debilitated and pain-worn men and women. It fills your nerves with electricity while you sleep. Its power goes into the body in a gentle stream, saturating every nerve and charging them with its vital element until they are as strong as steel.

The current supplied by my appliance enters the body in a glowing stream of vitalizing heat, so gentle that the nerves and vital organs absorb it as freely as a hungry babe drinks milk. This force is added to the natural power generated by the stomach; it saturates every vital part and soon transforms the debilitated body into a natural strong battery which generates its own health and closes the doors forever to disease and debility.

"I am an enthusiast, you say. Why should I not be? I have the gratitude of thousands of people who have been cured by my Electric Belt after the failure of the best physicians. I am enthusiastic, because I know that I relieve suffering humanity with the surest cure for the least expenditure of money that is known to-day."

SPECIAL NOTICE—If you have an old belt of another make which has burned and blistered you, or one that does not increase electricity, send it in and I will allow you one-half the price of mine for it. My office contains hundreds of these old-style belts discarded as useless some of them. Where the patients have worn them only a few times, the heat is not too good when you want to let it and vapor, so avoid imitations. The electric belt is my special invention; without it all electric belts burn holes in the flesh. The imitations that they use quickly dry and render the belt useless.

FREE BOOK—Every man who desires the perfection of physical strength should read my beautifully illustrated book. It tells how strength is lost and how I restore it with my Electric Belt. I will send this book, clearly sealed, free upon request if you will send this ad. If you are not the man you should be, write to-day.

WE PAY DUTY.

DR. M. E. McLAUGHLIN, 106 Columbia St., Seattle, Wash.

Canadian Pacific Navigation Co., Ltd.

Time Table—Effective June 1st, 1902.

ALASKA ROUTE—FOR SKAGWAY DIRECT.

Lv. Victoria, Lv. Vancouver, 1 a.m. 8 p.m.

Per Charmer.

Princess May June 6

Lv. Victoria, Lv. Vancouver, 11 a.m. 8 p.m.

S. S. Amur May 30

To Vancouver, daily, 1 a.m.

To Alert Bay, Rivers Inlet, Namu, Skeena River Point, Nana and intermediate points, Thursdays, 11 p.m.

To New Westminster and way ports, Tuesday and Friday, 7

PROVINCIAL NEWS.

VANCOUVER.

The bodies opened yesterday in a packed court room before Mr. Justice Martin. The first case under consideration is one in which a stranger in the city named David Scott alleged that two women robbed him of money while out driving with him, and attempted to stab him when he prevented them from escaping.

John Erickson, a Finn, was found lying on the foot of Coleman & Evans' building on the C. P. R. tracks, his leg torn from his body by a passing yard engine. His body was injured and his other leg broken. He asked to be left there to die, as he knew he would die anyway, and there was no use disturbing him. He gave his name and said he had been working in the United States for 20 years, but had only recently come to Vancouver to work for Armstrong & Morrison. He had no relatives in the country. Erickson was taken to the hospital, and later died of his injuries.

The dead man's island affair was brought up again in the council on Monday night. Mr. Macdonell, Mr. Ludgate's legal adviser, wishes the council to promise to lease Mr. Ludgate the island if the Dominion and Provincial governments relinquish their claims to the island. The council deferred consideration of the matter.

Mrs. (Captain) Ellen, of 1021 Burnaby street, died on Sunday evening. She leaves a husband and several sons to mourn her loss.

NELSON.

The name of the man who was drowned on Wednesday last in Kootenay river, by Henry's siding, has been ascertained as Wally Payne. He was an Austrian and came to Nelson recently from Edmonton, where his wife and two children are living.

FERGUSON.

Work has begun on the building of the new hospital here, at an estimated cost of \$8,000. Of this amount \$1,000 have been contributed locally, and a wider appeal is now being made to adjacent districts in hopes of obtaining most of the balance. The hospital will be owned and administered by the Laidlaw Miners' Union.

The wedding took place on Monday morning at the residence of Mr. Peter Birt, Park Row, Rev. R. A. King officiating of the Rev. H. J. Robertson, of Chilliwack, and Miss Clark, of Winnipeg. The bride wore a handsome travelling suit and carried a bouquet of roses and carnations.

Paine's Celery Compound
Cures a Lady's Neuralgia, Banishes Nervous Debility and Builds Up Her Whole System.

The Wondrous Medicine Gives a New and Happy Life After a Long Term of Terrible Suffering.

Neuralgia sufferers are liable to profound derangements of the nervous system, such as paralysis, epilepsy, hypochondria, softening of the brain and insanity. Neuralgia is usually seated in the face or head, attacking some important nerve or nerves; it may exist in any part of the body. The pains are violent, sharp and rending.

The constitutional causes of neuralgia are, general impairment of the health, mental or physical depression, indigestion, sleeplessness, debility and rheumatic tendencies. If you suffer from neuralgia, your condition is one of extreme danger. Rest assured there is no royal or select road for any man or woman to the goal of security and health. You must meet the disease of Paine's Celery Compound, the medicine which has rescued thousands of neuralgia sufferers from danger and death, which is now prescribed by our best and ablest physicians for dangerous neuralgia.

Mrs. M. Young, Jarvis street, Toronto, writes as follows: "I was a terrible sufferer from neuralgia and nervous debility, and was extremely weak and rundown. While in this condition I tried almost all kinds of medicines without a shadow of improvement. My sister finally persuaded me to try your Paine's Celery Compound. The first bottle helped me wonderfully, and after having used six bottles my health is restored and I am now a new woman. I am pleased to say that Paine's Celery Compound is all you represent it to be—a banisher of disease and a health restorer. I thank God and Paine's Celery Compound for my renewed health and strength."

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Charming from Vancouver: Mrs. H. T. Elliott, R. H. Henderson, Mrs. A. B. Fraser, Mrs. Langlois, Mrs. Secker, S. P. McKenzie, Mrs. Brockie, J. Brockie, W. H. H. Graham, L. P. Duff, J. Johnston, S. A. Spencer, F. M. Hart, C. H. Henderson, J. McEwan, J. Callaghan, Mrs. Russell, C. A. Schuchman, W. P. Knight, Mr. and Mrs. Fleming, W. A. Cutler, Ed. Harvey, W. Thomas, D. Jennings, J. P. Hicks, Miss Morgan, Miss Smith, A. H. McNeill.

Per steamer Majestic from the Sound: R. D. Hatten, A. Kerr, H. Agnew, A. K. McDonald, R. H. Deard, C. H. Hadden and wife, G. W. Duncan, T. Brownell and wife, F. C. Pease and wife, Wm. Epps, Thos. Steiner and wife, Mrs. Allabach, C. Vincent and wife, Miss Allabach, Mrs. Marshall, A. Malan and wife, W. E. Schneider, W. W. Tills, Mrs. W. Litt, Jno. Hillard, R. W. Smith.

The mountain at Gouff, near Nines, which some time ago attracted much attention by having shifted its position, has now blocked up the only road which connected with Treco.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.

The little children of Castoria.

AERIAL BATTLESHIPS.

Some Unique Features Which Have Attracted Notice of War Office.

The war office has contracted for the construction of an aerial battleship. This vessel is being built under the supervision of its inventor, Dr. F. Alexander Barton, of Beckenham, Kent.

The Barton airship is a unique contrivance, and the inventor is the first exponent of the combination of the balloon and aeroplane in an airship. Dr. Barton has experimented with vessels both lighter and heavier than the air.

The first type is exemplified in the balloon, but with the latter description of vessel in which flight is desired by means of extensive plane surfaces, or wings, propelled through the air, the propulsion causing the contrivance to ascend, nothing has been achieved.

The utilization of the aeroplanes in this airship fulfils a very important function. With the balloon it is either necessary to throw out ballast or let out the gas, to ascend or descend respectively. With the aeroplanes, both rising and falling motions are easily controlled without loss of gas or discarding ballast.

When Dr. Barton first drew the attention of the war office to his invention in 1908, and explained at great length the possibilities of the same for surveying and reconnoitering purposes, the military authorities declined to consider it.

At the same time, a French government firm approached Dr. Barton and offered to buy out his invention, lock, stock and barrel, but the inventor, animated by patriotism, determined that his country should benefit by the result of his years of tedious experiments, and again hampered at the war office.

The doctor's persistence has been rewarded. For the war office have at last ordered the construction of an airship, which is to undergo its maiden trip within the course of the next few months. The war office have notified the special requirements that the vessel must fulfil, the principal of which is that it should remain steaming in the air for twenty-four hours at least without descending to the ground. There are several other requirements which are not made public, but Dr. Barton says he has not the slightest doubt of being able to comply with them, and will probably do far better, and this is the opinion of several experts who have examined his plans and model.

The vessel measures 150 feet from stem to stern. The balloon is cigar-shaped, with its maximum diameter of 41 feet, 72 feet for the nose, and has a capacity of 150,000 cubic feet of hydrogen gas.

In the central compartment is fitted the balloon, a smaller balloon which is filled with air, joined thereto from the car beneath. This balloonette performs an important work.

When the balloon ascends the surrounding atmosphere, becoming rarer, causes the gas with which it is inflated to expand. In the case of an ordinary balloon the month is left open, so that this expanding gas may escape. In the Barton airship the hydrogen is not lost, but greater space is given to the expanding gas by letting out the air from the balloonette by the aeronaut in charge.

The aeroplanes, which constitute the most salient feature of the Barton vessel, are attached to a frame below and above the deck of the car.

There are three triple sets, placed forward, amidships and astern respectively. The aeroplanes rest horizontally, and each measures 12 feet in length by 18 feet in width, thus producing a superficial area of 216 square feet per aeroplane, or 648 square feet each set of planes, and as there are three such sets the total superficial area of the aeroplanes is 1,944 square feet. They have a vertical oscillating motion, by which means the rising and falling movements of the vessel are controlled.

The airship is propelled through the air by six sets of triple propellers, placed three on each side, at the bow, amidships and astern respectively. The propellers are each two-bladed, measuring 17 feet from tip to tip, by 2½ feet wide. Each pair of sets of propellers is driven by a 45-horse-power petrol motor, and has been found by actual experiment to give a thrust of 20 pounds per horse-power. As there are three sets of propelling engines—one for each pair of propeller sets—the aggregate horse-power is 135, which produces a total thrust of 2,700 pounds.

A very old, and always popular, topic is that which discusses the question whether there is any definite relationship to brain and intellect. Probably the most size and shape of the head and the individual intelligence. While some great men have certainly had big heads, others have not surpassed the average, while, contrariwise, many large-headed individuals are by no means brilliant intellectually. But, often, says the London Chronicle, rather the reverse. The great bulk of a brain is composed of white matter, that is, of nerve fibres—which has nothing whatever to do with real brain work, and which only carries messages. If research is to be trusted, it is only the brain-cells of a very limited (probably the frontal) region which have to do with the highest mental operations. When, therefore, we talk about the size of head and brain, and the weight of the brain, we should clearly understand that only an infinitesimal fraction of the three-pounds' weight or so of an ordinary brain can be reckoned as representing brain-cells, that are the agents of our nervous system. Practically, the brain cells of the cerebrum or great brain at least, bears no larger proportion to the brain's mass than the rind of a Dutch cheese does to the eatable portion.

Professor Karl Pearson, the distinguished statistician, lately published the results of an investigation made into the question of the relation between size of head and intellectual preponderance. His paper was read before the Royal Society. If the working man has a smaller head on the average than the professional man, Professor Pearson points out that the difference is due to better nutrition. But apart from such a wide comparison, he arrived at striking conclusions by the investigation of measurements made on Cambridge undergraduates whose careers were known. The results are given as showing that there is no marked correlation between ability as judged by entry for an honors examination and the size or the shape of the head. When schools were selected for testing the question, essentially similar results were obtained.

A third series of researches of wider extent resulted in the conclusion that very brilliant men may have a head slightly larger than the average, but Professor Pearson adds that the increase is so small that it cannot form any element in our judgment of ability.

COLOR PHOTOGRAPHY.

Some Remarkable Pictures Taken by Son of a Yale Professor.

Prof. Addison E. Verrill, of Yale, and other members of the faculty of the university, are convinced that the long sought secret of color photography has been discovered by the professor's son, A. Hyatt Verrill, of New Haven. Since the announcement of Mr. Verrill, on Monday, giving an outline of results so far attained, great interest has been manifested in his work.

Photographers and chemists have called upon him and examined prints from his negatives, which show the natural tints and colors with all of their relative values. All who have seen the work express amazement at the fidelity to nature and the brilliancy of the colorings of the flower and foliage pictures.

Mr. Verrill is a graduate of Yale, and has for some time been experimenting in photography. He has not patented his process, and will not make public the deutochromatic process, and said that the secret lay, first, in the highly sensitized paper that he uses; second, in the emulsion on the paper which is his own invention, and third, in the exposure of the lens, which he has had made on his own specifications. The paper is said to be five times as sensitive to red and yellow as ordinary papers. Mr. Verrill said that he had been advised that patenting the invention would make the formulae public, and by making slight modifications other photographers would appropriate his work.

Mr. Verrill refused to consent to the reproduction of his photographs in the New York Herald with prints for illustration in black and white. These pictures from life have stronger contrasts between the gray of rocks and the greens and blues of foliage and sky. One picture, of a sea anemone, was taken under water; another, of a tropical bird, taken from life, is beautifully tinted. Others show caterpillars eating chestnut leaves, in which the coloring is marked. Fish photographs are shown that are reproductions of water color paintings, and show the characteristics of the original. The tints of delicate green, pink, purple and orange are faithfully reproduced.

Prof. Verrill regards his son's work as a decided advance over anything that has heretofore been done in color photography.

Cancers and Tumors Permanently Cured.

remedy, without the need of operation, paste or plaster.

Statistics show that over ninety per cent. of cases of cancer that are operated upon terminate fatally. If drawn out by the plaster or eaten away by a corroding paste, the results are equally discouraging.

These superficial and extremely painful methods of treating cancerous tumors have been entirely superseded by the new constitutional remedy which searches out the Cancer poison in the system and completely destroys it without causing the patient the slightest inconvenience or discomfort. It is a pleasant home treatment which has cured dozens of supposedly hopeless cases here in Canada. Full reports of some of these cases and particulars of the remedy are to be found in our book, "Cancer, Its Cause and Cure," which will be sent to any address on receipt of two stamps, D. V. Stott & Sons, Bowmanville, Ont.

THE WAR HORSE.

The horse in war is expensive, fragile, and a fool; he is greedy, and his foot is as bulky as himself; he requires an expert to keep him efficient under hard work, and a miracle to keep him alive under heavy fire; he must be watched and guarded more carefully than the lines of communication both in action and in camp; he is a coward; the race of them that snorted "ha! ha!" among the trumpets, the noise of the captains, and the shouting "is dead, if it ever lived at all outside the inspired mind of the plague-stricken poet; he is a traitor, and will desert to the enemy at the first opportunity, probably with three day's rations in his saddle bags and a useful rifle in the bucket. From the Spectator.

There are in Germany about 1,500 mines or shafts in operation, which give employment to 40,000 miners.



Baby enjoys his bath
all the more, and his sleep is the sweeter when you use
BABY'S OWN SOAP
It softens and soothes all skin irritations. Keeping it healthy and fresh.
Don't use imitations on Baby.
ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO., MFGS.
MONTREAL, CANADA.

NOTICE.
All mineral rights are reserved by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company within that tract of land bounded on the north by the south boundary of Comox District, on the east by the limits of Georgia, on the north by the 50th parallel and on the west by the boundary of the B. & N. Railway Land Grant.
LEONARD H. BOLLY,
Land Commissioner.



Mount Baker Hotel

J. A. VIRTUE, PROPRIETOR.

* Leading Summer Resort *

Now Open for the Season. Terms Reasonable.
OAK BAY. VICTORIA, B. C.

Hotel Strathcona

SHAWNIGAN LAKE.

NOW OPEN FOR THE RECEPTION OF GUESTS

Good Tennis, Croquet, Boating, Fishing, etc. Terms Most Moderate. Apply HENRY MOXON, Manager.

Dominion Hotel

VICTORIA, B. C.

Free Russ. Stephen Jones.

The Driad Hotel

Cor. View and Broad Sts. VICTORIA.

Only hotel and restaurant in Victoria that employs white cooks. Merchants' lunch served from 12 to 2:30; dinner, 5:30 to 8. Short orders at all hours. Lobby and well appointed bedrooms, from 50c. to \$1.25 per day.

M. O. & J. P. GREENWOOD, Proprietors.

Metropolitan Bakery

We make a specialty of catering for all festive occasions.

Cakes of suitable design for all occasions. Ice of all description and flavors to order. We aim to please.

CLAY'S 39 FORT ST. BOX 2. TELEPHONE, 101.

Wedge, Balls, Parties, Teas, Etc.

Will Be Open for the Reception of Guests From To-day.

Formal opening will be advertised later.

GEO KOENIG, Prop.

Poodle Dog Hotel

AND ROTISSERIE

The Only American Restaurant in Victoria.

Luncheon served from 12 to 2:30. French dinner from 5 to 8:30. Private dining rooms for families. Short orders one of our specialties.

MRS. B. C. DAVIES, Proprietress.

40 YATES STREET.

SPECIAL TISSUE PAPER

FOR DECORATIVE PURPOSES AT

T.N. HIBBEN & CO'S

A Corset that Cannot Break at the Waist line.

It matters not what the style of a corset is, or what it is made of, if it breaks at the Waist line, it is rendered uncomfortable and useless.

The Crest Corset is disconnected in front at the Waist line, and has elastic gores at each side, so it cannot Break at the Waist.

Suitable for any day and all the day, good to work in, walk in or rest in. It is shapely, comfortable and durable, and as it cannot Break at the Waist, it is the cheapest corset a lady can buy.

The next time you buy a corset, try "CREST"

On Sale at Stoddart's Jewelry Store,

DIAMOND RINGS

set in the most skillful manner at reduced prices during this month.

One Carat, perfect stone..... Several good stones slightly off color \$100.00 a carat..... \$40.00 a carat

One Carat, second class..... \$75.00 a carat..... \$30.00 a carat

One Carat, third class..... \$50.00 a carat..... \$20.00 a carat

A TRUSCOTT BOAT

Simple, Safe, Reliable, speedy.



Built either cabined or open in sizes from 16 to 100 feet in length. For catalogue giving full information write or call on R. HUTCHINSON, Agent, VICTORIA, B. C.

VICTORIA UNDERTAKING PARLORS



90 JOHNSON STREET. F. BROOKS, MANAGER. Telephone: Office, 285; Residence, 740.

Victoria Water Works

Attention is called to Sections 22 and 23 of "The Waterworks Regulation By-Law, 1900," No. 245, which reads as follows: "No person shall sprinkle or use in any manner whatsoever the water supplied by the city upon lawns, gardens, yards, grounds of any description, except between the hours of 5 and 9 in the morning, and the hours of 5 and 10 in the evening, unless the water so used shall be supplied by meter. If water (except water supplied by meter) is used for watering lawns or gardens at other than the permitted hours, there shall be charged against the person so using such water the sum of fifty cents for each infraction, but this provision shall in no way prejudice any proceedings for enforcing the penalties attached to any infraction of this By-Law."

J. A. L. KAYMUR, Water Commissioner. City Hall, 6th May, 1902.

Court of Revision

Notice is hereby given that the first sitting of the annual Court of Revision of the Municipality of the City of Victoria, will be held in the Council Chambers, City Hall, Douglas street, Victoria, on Tuesday, the 17th day of June, 1902, at 10 a. m., for the purpose of hearing complaints against the assessment as made by the Assessor, and for revising and correcting the Assessment Roll.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. O. Victoria, B. C., 15th day of May, 1902.

S. S. HAZELTON

Will Leave Port Eslington for Hazelton.

And way landings on the Skeena River as about April 22nd. Regular trips will be made at frequent intervals thereafter. Close connection with mail steamers from Victoria and Vancouver.

For rates of passage and freight apply to R. P. MITCHELL & CO., LTD., Agents.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that application will be made to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at its next session for a transfer to J. J. Fitzgerald of the license now held by me for the sale of wine and spirituous liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Imperial Hotel, situate at No. 40 Store street, Victoria, B. C. Dated this 22nd day of March, 1902.

ANN FEARNS, F. W. YARICK, J. J. Fitzgerald.

"Municipal Clauses Act."

Notice is hereby given that at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, B. C., I shall apply for a transfer of the license now held by me for the sale of wine and spirituous liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Imperial Hotel, situate at No. 40 Store street, Victoria, B. C. Dated this 20th day of March, 1902.

C. H. BROWN.

Dissolution of Partnership

The partnership heretofore existing between G. A. Ragstad and R. Oldershaw as watchmakers and jewelers has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The business will hereafter be carried on by R. Oldershaw, who will assume all liabilities of the late firm, and to whom all debts must be paid.

(Signed) G. A. RAGSTAD. Witness, G. M. TRIPP, Victoria, B. C., May 22nd, 1902.

WANTED

A suitable person to take charge of an old man and provide him with board and lodging for three months. For particulars apply to the City Clerk's office.

By order, WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. O. Victoria, B. C., May 1st, 1902.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that I, Robert R. McCalland, of the City of Victoria, B. C., will apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners, to be held on the 11th day of June, A. D. 1902, for a transfer of the license to sell wine, spirits and liquors by retail on the premises known as the "Queen's Hotel," situate on the N. W. corner of Johnson and Store streets, Victoria, B. C., to Jacob M. Hughes, of the same place.

ROBERT R. MCCALLAND, By His Attorney in Part, Simon LeMay

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that we, Bassett & Simpson, of the City of Victoria, B. C., will apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners, to be held on the 11th day of June, A. D. 1902, for a transfer of the license to sell wine, spirits and liquors by retail on the premises known as the Leland House, situate on the S. E. corner of Douglas street and Queen's avenue, Victoria, B. C., to Jas. Moran, of the same place.

BASSETT & SIMPSON. Dated the 8th day of May, 1902.

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhea and Runny Nose. 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

ALL unappropriated Dominion Lands shall, after the 1st of July, 1902, be open to prospecting for petroleum. Should the prospector discover oil in paying quantity, he may acquire title to the land, including and surrounding his discovery at the rate of \$1.00 an acre, subject to royalty at such rate as may be specified by Order in Council.

JAMES A. SMARY, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior. Ottawa, 19th Dec., 1901.

DOMINION OF CANADA

For Disposal of Minerals on Dominion Lands in Manitoba, the Northwest Territories, and the Yukon Territory.

COAL.

Coal lands may be purchased at \$10.00 per acre for soft coal, and \$20.00 for anthracite. Not more than 320 acres can be acquired by one individual or company. Royalty at such rate as may from time to time be specified by Order in Council shall be collected on the gross output.

QUARTZ.

Persons of eighteen years and over and joint stock companies holding Free Miner's Certificates may obtain entry for a mining location.

A Free Miner's Certificate is granted for one or more years, not exceeding five, upon payment in advance of \$10.00 per annum for an individual, and from \$25.00 to \$100.00 per annum for a company, according to capital.

A Free Miner having discovered mineral in place may locate a claim 1,600x500 feet by marking out the same with two legs poles, bearing location notices, one at each end, on the line of the lode or vein.

The claim shall be recorded within fifteen days if located within ten miles of a Mining Recorder's Office, one additional day allowed for every additional ten miles or fraction. The fee for recording a claim is \$5.00.

At least \$100.00 must be expended on the claim each year or paid to the Mining Recorder in lieu thereof. When \$300.00 has been expended or paid the locator may, upon having a survey made and upon complying with other requirements, purchase the land at \$1.00 an acre.

Permission may be granted by the Minister of the Interior to locate claims containing iron and mica, also copper, in the Yukon Territory, of an area not exceeding 100 acres.

The patent for a mining location shall provide for the payment of royalty on the sales not exceeding five per cent.

PLACER MINING, MANITOBA AND THE N. W. T., EXCEPTING THE YUKON

Placer mining claims generally are 100 feet square; on entry fee \$5.00, renewable yearly. On the north Saskatchewan River claims are either bar or bench, and former being 100 feet long and extending between high and low water mark. The latter includes bar diggings, but extending to the base of the hill or bank, but not exceeding 1,000 feet. Where steam power is used, claims 20 feet wide may be obtained.

DREDGING IN THE RIVERS OF MANITOBA AND THE N. W. T., EXCEPTING THE YUKON TERRITORY.

A Free Miner may obtain only two leases of five miles each for a term of twenty years, renewable in the discretion of the Minister of the Interior.

The lessee's right is confined to the submerged bed or bars of the river below low water mark, and subject to the rights of all persons who have or who may receive, entries for bar diggings or bench claims, except on the Saskatchewan River, where the lessee may dredge to high water mark on each alternate leasehold.

The lessee shall have a dredge in operation within one season from the date of the lease for each five miles, but where a person or company has obtained more than one lease one dredge shall be in operation for each five miles. Rental \$10.00 per annum for each mile of five miles leased. Royalty at the rate of two and one-half per cent. collected on the output after it exceeds \$10,000.00.

DREDGING IN THE YUKON TERRITORY

Six leases of five miles each may be granted to a Free Miner for a term of twenty years, also renewable.

The lessee's right is confined to the submerged bed or bars in the river below low water mark, that boundary to be fixed by its position on the 1st day of August in the year of the date of the lease.

The lessee shall have one dredge in operation within two years from the date of the lease, and one dredge for each five miles within six years from the date of the lease, and one dredge for each five miles per annum for each subsequent year. Royalty ten per cent. on the output in excess of \$15,000.00.

</

Your Prescription

When prepared by us is exactly what the doctor intended it should be.

Pure, Accurate, Reliable

JOHN COCHRANE,

CHEMIST.

N.W. Cor. Yates & Douglas Sts.

Night clerk in attendance.

WEEKLY WEATHER SYNOPSIS.

Victoria Meteorological Office.

21st to 27th May, 1902.

During the first two days of the week the

barometer was comparatively low over this

province and the weather was mostly

cloudy and cool this side of the Coast.

On Sunday, 24th, the weather was fine, but

the morning of the 25th an extensive high

barometer area had appeared off the Coast

and gradually spread inland over this province

and the adjoining states. This movement

was accompanied by clearing weather

and a steady rise in the temperature. By

Sunday, 26th, the extensive area was centered

over the Territories, while over California

the barometer was comparatively low.

This difference of pressure caused a

tendency for dry weather, which through

out the North Pacific Coast, and

quickly a warm wave set in which reached

the maximum on Monday, 27th, when

the temperature rose to 59 in the interior

of this portion of Vancouver Island and

upon the Lower Mainland, and 54 degrees

was recorded at Kamloops. The barometer

then fell along the coast in advance of a

low pressure area from the Pacific, which

spread over Vancouver Island to the Main-

land during Monday night. This movement

caused a decided fall in temperature, pre-

ceded on the Lower Mainland by local thun-

derstorms, and even to the north of Vic-

toria lightning was seen. By Tuesday

night the great difference of air pressure

between 50 inches on the Coast and 20.00

inches over the Rockies caused a strong

westerly wind upon the Straits of Juan de

Fuca. In the Victoria district rain fell upon

6 days out of the 7, amounting to over one

inch.

Considerable rain in the form of showers

and thunderstorms have also occurred in

many portions of the Territories, particu-

larly in Alberta, where the rivers have been

dangerously high. Upon Saturday, 24th,

the centre of a storm area crossed the

border towards Manitoba, the wind at Victo-

ria reached the velocity of 60 miles an

hour, and was followed by a sudden drop

in temperature from 52 degrees at 5 p.m.

Friday, to 31 at 5 a.m. Saturday. The

warmest days in the Territories and Main-

land were the 26th and 27th, when the

highest daily temperatures reached 59.

Victoria Amount of bright sunshine, 50

hours; rain, only a trace; highest tempera-

ture, 57 on 26th; lowest, 45.5 on 27th.

New Westminster—Rain, 10 inch; high-

est temperature, 59 on 26th; lowest, 44 on

27th.

Kamloops—No rain; highest temperature,

54 on 26th; lowest, 45 on 27th and 28th.

Barkerville—Rain, 1.22 inch; highest tem-

perature, 60 on 26th; lowest, 24 on 24th.

LUMBER CARRIERS.

Hastings Mill Company Will Build Six

Schooners.

(Special to the Times.)

Vancouver, May 28.—The Hastings Mill

Company is arranging to build a fleet of six

thousand ton four-masted schooners

for carrying lumber. The vessels will prob-

ably be built at Moodyville. The models

are now being made.

Former Chief Provincial Constable R. R.

Lester died today at New Westminster

after six weeks' illness.

Steamer Ganges leaves tomorrow for Ta-

coma, having taken aboard only one thou-

sand tons of oats here, and she will take

three thousand five hundred at Tacoma.

The cause of the change in the delay in

the inspection of oats at the Edmonton

elevators.

The average duration of human life is

33 years.

PRINCESS VIOQUA, M. D.

Endorses Lydia E. Pinkham's

Vegetable Compound After

Following Its Record For

Years.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Health is

the greatest blessing bestowed on human-

ity and therefore anything that can

restore lost health is a blessing. I

consider Lydia E. Pinkham's Veget-

able Compound as a blessing to

State and Nation. It cures her

children and daughters and makes them

well and strong.



PRINCESS VIOQUA.

Practising Physician and Lecturer.

"For fifteen years I have noted the

effect of your Vegetable Compound in

curing special diseases of women.

"I know of nothing superior for

menstrual trouble, barrenness, and it

has prevented hundreds of dangerous

operations where physicians claimed

it was the only chance to get well.

"The strength and inflammation of the

womb has been cured in two or three

months through its use, and as I find it

purely an herbal remedy, I unhesitat-

ingly give it my highest endorsement.

"Internally yours, Dr. P. VIOQUA,

London, Mich."—25000 felleit if above

unwarranted in its claims.

"If you are ill do not hesitate to

get a bottle of Lydia E. Pink-

ham's Vegetable Compound at

once, and write to Mrs. Pink-

ham at Lynn, Mass. for special

advice; it is entirely free.

ALBERNI NOTES.

(Special Correspondence of the Times.)

Rev. J. W. Flinton lost his valuable

trooper, Jack, on Monday, the 19th. The

horse tried to jump a picket fence on

Saturday and was so severely injured

that although everything possible was

done he died two days afterwards.

Messrs. Woodley and Vinod gave an

enjoyable dance at the opening of their

new livery stables at New Alberni on

Wednesday last. A large number at-

tended and over 60 guests sat down to

the excellent supper supplied by the

hosts at the New Alberni hotel.

The Alberni Shingle Company, has a

large number of shingles on the Alberni

wharf. C. L. Selz, the secretary-treas-

urer, says the capacity of the mill is

50,000 a day, and he expects to be ship-

ping by the 10th of June. The company

is an entirely local one and gives every

promise of being a success.

The Alberni Trading Store, estab-

lished 1883 by R. Sawchuk, has been

largely for the second time in four years

under the management of C. L. Selz,

and it has now quite an imposing ap-

pearance, being thoroughly fitted up in

departmental style.

Mining is rather dull just at present

in this district. The Golden Eagle Com-

pany intends to largely increase the

number of men working there as soon

as a surveyor has been over the prop-

erty.

The Alberni Cricket Club are jealous

of practicing on the club grounds pre-

paratory to their tour.

Empire Day was spent very quietly

here, the main attractions being picnics

and an excursion of the Willie

down the canal.

OBITUARY.

(Associated Press.)

Heilberg, Germany, May 28.—Prof.

Adolf Kussmann, who introduced the

stomach pump to medical practice, is

dead. He was born in 1822.

London, May 28.—The Earl of Chiche-

ster, Walter John Pitt-Rivers, formerly

Liberal member of parliament for Lewes,

is dead. He was born in 1828.

Iroquois, May 28.—Charles G. Har-

ness, grocer, died this morning, aged 34

years.

Gales, May 28.—Mrs. Henry Edson

died as the result of epilepsy. C. W.

Mitchell, of the Ottawa Free Press, and

W. L. Mitchell, of the Golden Star, are

brothers.

St. John's, May 28.—G. E. Gaudier,

manager of St. John's Bank, is dead of

tuberculosis.

GOING TO EUROPE.

(Associated Press.)

New York, May 28.—Bishop Henry C.

Potter will sail for Europe today on the

Ogish. He will probably remain

abroad, resting about three months. A

large part of this time will be passed in

England.

DRANK SULPHURIC ACID.

(Associated Press.)

Sherbrooke, Que., May 28.—Rohd. Mer-

cer, who drinking yesterday, took an

ounce of sulphuric acid in mistake for

whisky. He died shortly afterwards.

TIDE TABLES.

Victoria, B. C., May, 1902.

(Issued by the Tidal Survey Branch of

the Department of Marine and Fisheries

Ottawa.)

Age	Time	Height	Time	Height	Time	Height	Time
1	h. m. f.	h. m. f.	h. m. f.	h. m. f.	h. m. f.	h. m. f.	h. m. f.
2	0 09 7.1		15 27 3.1		23 19 1.1		33 10 0.1
3	5 36 4.9	11 32 5.6	17 11 2.9		25 17 2.9		35 10 0.1
4	7 51 4.9	12 43 3.9	18 02 3.3		26 17 2.9		36 10 0.1
5	9 58 4.9	13 54 3.9	19 13 3.3		27 17 2.9		37 10 0.1
6	0 37 8.2	7 54 2.1	13 08 0.6		28 17 2.9		38 10 0.1
7	1 08 8.6	8 48 1.6	14 19 0.6		29 17 2.9		39 10 0.1
8	1 40 8.8	9 16 0.5	15 11 7.2		30 17 2.9		40 10 0.1
9	2 14 8.9	10 01 0.1	16 18 7.4		31 17 2.9		41 10 0.1
10	2 46 8.9	10 48 0.1	17 25 7.4		32 17 2.9		42 10 0.1
11	3 23 8.4	11 38 0.2	18 32 7.7		33 17 2.9		43 10 0.1
12	4 02 8.3	12 28 0.2	19 39 7.7		34 17 2.9		44 10 0.1
13	4 42 8.3	13 18 0.2	20 46 7.7		35 17 2.9		45 10 0.1
14	5 23 8.2	14 08 0.2	21 53 7.7		36 17 2.9		46 10 0.1
15	6 04 8.0	14 58 0.2	22 59 7.7		37 17 2.9		47 10 0.1
16	6 46 7.7	15 48 0.2	24 06 7.7		38 17 2.9		48 10 0.1
17	7 29 7.5	16 38 0.2	25 13 7.7		39 17 2.9		49 10 0.1
18	8 12 7.3	17 28 0.2	26 20 7.7		40 17 2.9		50 10 0.1
19	8 55 7.1	18 18 0.2	27 27 7.7		41 17 2.9		51 10 0.1
20	9 38 6.9	19 08 0.2	28 34 7.7		42 17 2.9		52 10 0.1
21	10 21 6.7	20 00 0.2	29 41 7.7		43 17 2.9		53 10 0.1
22	11 04 6.5	20 50 0.2	30 48 7.7		44 17 2.9		54 10 0.1
23	11 47 6.3	21 40 0.2	31 55 7.7		45 17 2.9		55 10 0.1
24	12 30 6.1	22 30 0.2	32 02 7.7		46 17 2.9		56 10 0.1
25	13 13 5.9	23 20 0.2	33 09 7.7		47 17 2.9		57 10 0.1
26	13 56 5.7	24 10 0.2	34 16 7.7		48 17 2.9		58 10 0.1
27	14 39 5.5	25 00 0.2	35 23 7.7		49 17 2.9		59 10 0.1
28	15 22 5.3	25 50 0.2	36 30 7.7		50 17 2.9		60 10 0.1
29	16 05 5.1	26 40 0.2	37 37 7.7		51 17 2.9		61 10 0.1
30	16 48 4.9	27 30 0.2	38 44 7.7		52 17 2.9		62 10 0.1
31	17 31 4.7	28 20 0.2	39 51 7.7		53 17 2.9		63 10 0.1
32	18 14 4.5	29 10 0.2	40 58 7.7		54 17 2.9		64 10 0.1
33	18 57 4.3	30 00 0.2	41 05 7.7		55 17 2.9		65 10 0.1
34	19 40 4.1	30 50 0.2	42 12 7.7		56 17 2.9		66 10 0.1
35	20 23 3.9	31 40 0.2	43 19 7.7		57 17 2.9		67 10 0.1
36	21 06 3.7	32 30 0.2	44 26 7.7		58 17 2.9		68 10 0.1
37	21 49 3.5	33 20 0.2	45 33 7.7		59 17 2.9		69 10 0.1
38	22 32 3.3	34 10 0.2	46 40 7.7		60 17 2.9		70 10 0.1
39	23 15 3.1	35 00 0.2	47 47 7.7		61 17 2.9		71 10 0.1
40	23 58 2.9	35 50 0.2	48 54 7.7		62 17 2.9		72 10 0.1
41	24 41 2.7	36 40 0.2	49 01 7.7		63 17 2.9		73 10 0.1
42	25 24 2.5	37 30 0.2	50 08 7.7		64 17 2.9		74 10 0.1
43	26 07 2.3	38 20 0.2	51 15 7.7		65 17 2.9		75 10 0.1
44	26 50 2.1	39 10 0.2	52 22 7.7		66 17 2.9		76 10 0.1
45	27 33 1.9	40 00 0.2	53 29 7.7		67 17 2.9		77 10 0.1
46	28 16 1.7	40 50 0.2	54 36 7.7		68 17 2.9		78 10 0.1
47	28 59 1.5	41 40 0.2	55 43 7.7		69 17 2.9		79 10 0.1
48	29 42 1.3	42 30 0.2	56 50 7.7		70 17 2.9		80 10 0.1
49	30 25 1.1	43 20 0.2	57 57 7.7		71 17 2.9		81 10 0.1
50	31 08 0.9	44 10 0.2	58 04 7.7		72 17 2.9		82 10 0.1
51	31 51 0.7	45 00 0.2	59 11 7.7		73 17 2.9		83 10 0.1
52	32 34 0.5	45 50 0.2	60 18 7.7		74 17 2.9		84 10 0.1
53	33 17 0.3	46 40 0.2	61 25 7.7		75 17 2.9		85 10 0.1
54	34 00 0.1	47 30 0.2	62 32 7.7		76 17 2.9		86 10 0.1
55	34 43 0.0	48 20 0.2	63 39 7.7		77 17 2.9		87 10 0.1
56	35 26 0.0	49 10 0.2	64 46 7.7		78 17 2.9		88 10 0.1
57	36 09 0.0	50 00 0.2	65 53 7.7		79 17 2.9		89 10 0.1
58	36 52 0.0	50 50 0.2	66 00 7.7		80 17 2.9		90 10 0.1
59	37 35 0.0	51 40 0.2	67 07 7.7		81 17 2.9		91 10 0.1
60	38 18 0.0	52 30 0.2	68 14 7.7		82 17 2.9		92 10 0.1
61	39 01 0.0	53 20 0.2	69 21 7.7		83 17 2.9		93 10 0.1
62	39 44 0.0	54 10 0.2	70 28 7.7		84 17 2.9		94 10 0.1
63	40 27 0.0	55 00 0.2	71 35 7.7		85 17 2.9		95 10 0.1
64	41 10 0.0	55 50 0.2	72 42 7.7		86 17 2.9		96 10 0.1
65	41 53 0.0	56 40 0.2	73 49 7.7		87 17 2.9		97 10 0.1
66	42 36 0.0	57 30 0.2	74 56 7.7		88 17 2.9		98 10 0.1
67	43 19 0.0	58 20 0.2	75 03 7.7		89 17 2.9		99 10 0.1
68	44 02 0.0	59 10 0.2	76 10 7.7		90 17 2.9		100 10 0.1
69	44 45 0.0	60 00 0.2	77 17 7.7		91 17 2.9		101 10 0.1
70	45 28 0.0	60 50 0.2	78 24 7.7		92 17 2.9		102 10 0.1
71	46 11 0.0	61 40 0.2	79 31 7.7		93 17 2.9		103 10 0.1
72	46 54 0.0	62 30 0.2	80 38 7.7		94 17 2.9		104 10 0.1
73	47 37 0.0	63 20 0.2	81 45 7.7		95 17 2.9		105 10 0.1
74	48 20 0.0	64 10 0.2	82 52 7.7		96 17 2.9		106 10 0.1
75	49 03 0.0	65 00 0.2	83 59 7.7		97 17 2.9		107 10 0.1
76	49 46 0.0	65 50 0.2	84 06 7.7		98 17 2.9		108 10 0.1
77	50 29 0.0	66 40 0.2	85 13 7.7		99 17 2.9		109 10 0.1
78	51 12 0.0	67 30 0.2	86 20 7.7		100 17 2.9		110 10 0.1
79	51 55 0.0	68 20 0.2	87 27 7.7		101 17 2.9		111 10 0.1
80	52 38 0.0	69 10 0.2	88 34 7.7		102 17 2.9		112 10 0.1
81	53 21 0.0	70 00 0.2	89 41 7.7		103 17 2.9		113 10 0.1
82	54 04 0.0	70 50 0.2	90 48 7.7		104 17 2.9		114 10 0.1
83	54 47 0.0	71 40 0.2	91 55 7.7		105 17 2.9		115 10 0.1
84	55 30 0.0	72 30 0.2	92 02 7.7		106 17 2.9		116 10 0.1
85	56 13 0.0	73 20 0.2	93 09 7.7		107 17 2.9		117 10 0.1
86	56 56 0.0	74 10 0.2	94 16 7.7		108 17 2.9		118 10 0.1
87	57 39 0.0	75 00 0.2	95 23 7.7		109 17 2.9		119 10 0.1
88	58 22 0.0	75 50 0.2	96 30 7.7		110 17 2.9		120 10 0.1
89	59 05 0.0	76 40 0.2	97 37 7.7		111 17 2.9		121 10 0.1
90	59 48 0.0	77 30 0.2	98 44 7.7		112 17 2.9		122 10 0.1
91	60 31 0.0	78 20 0.2	99 51 7.7		113 17 2.9		123 10 0.1
92	61 14 0.0	79 10 0.2	100 58 7.7		114 17 2.9		124 10 0.1
93	61 57 0.0	80 00 0.2	101 05 7.7		115 17 2.9		125 10 0.1
94	62 40 0.0	80 50 0.2	102 12 7.7		116 17 2.9		126 10 0.1
95	63 23 0.0	81 40 0.2	103 19 7.7		117 17 2.9		127 10 0.1
96	64 06 0.0	82 30 0.2	104 26 7.7		118 17 2.9		128 10 0.1
97	64 49 0.0	83 20 0.2	105 33 7.7		119 17 2.9		129 10 0.1
98	65 32 0.0	84 10 0.2	106 40 7.7		120 17 2.9		130 10 0.1
99	66 15 0.0	85 00 0.2	107 47 7.7		121 17 2.9		131 10 0.1
100	66 58 0.0	85 50 0.2	108 54 7.7		122 17 2.9		132 10 0.1
101	67 41 0.0	86 40 0.2	109 01 7.7		123 17 2.9		133 10 0.1
102	68 24 0.0	87 30 0.2	110 08 7.7		124 17 2.9		134 10 0.1
103	69 07 0.0	88 20 0.2	111 15 7.7		125 17 2.9		135 10 0.1
104	69 50 0.0	89 10 0.2	112 22 7.7		126 17 2.9		136 10 0.1
105	70 33 0.0	90 00 0.2	113 29 7.7		127 17 2.9		137 10 0.1
106	71 16 0.0	90 50 0.2	114 36 7.7		128 17 2.9		138 10 0.1
107	71 59 0.0	91 40 0.2	115 43 7.7		129 17 2.9		139 10 0.1
108	72 42 0.0	92 30 0.2	116 50 7.7		130 17 2.9		140 10 0.1
109	73 25 0.0	93 20 0.2	117 57 7.7		131 17 2.9		141 10 0.1
110	74 08 0.0	94 10 0.2	118 04 7.7		132 17 2.9		142 10 0.1
111	74 51 0.0	95 00 0.2	119 11 7.7		133 17 2.9		143 10 0.1
112	75 34 0.0	95 50 0.2	120 18 7.7		134 17 2.9		144 10 0.1
113	76 17 0.0	96 40 0.2	121 25 7.7		135 17 2.9		145 10 0.1
114	77 00 0.0	97 30 0.2	122 32 7.7		136 17 2.9		146 10 0.1
115	77 43 0.0	98 20 0.2	123 39 7.7		137 17 2.9		147 10 0.1
116	78 26 0.0	99 10 0.2	124 46 7.7		138 17 2.9		148 10 0.1
117	79 09 0.0	100 00 0.2	125 53 7.7		139 17 2.9		149 10 0.1
118	79 52 0.0	100 50 0.2	126 00 7.7		140 17 2.9		150 10 0.1
119	80 35 0.0	101 40 0.2	127 07 7.7		141 17 2.9		151 10 0.1
120	81 18 0.0	102 30 0.2	128 14 7.7		142 17 2.9		152 10 0.1
121	82 01 0.0	103 20 0.2	129 21 7.7		143 17 2.9		153 10 0.1
122	82 44 0.0	104 10 0.2	130 28 7.7		144 17 2.9		154 10 0.1
123	83 27 0.0	105 00 0.2	131 35 7.7		145 17 2.9		155 10 0.1
124	84 10 0.0	105 50 0.2	132 42 7.7		146 17 2.9		156 10 0.1
125	84 53 0.0	106 40 0.2	133 49 7.7		147 17 2.9		157 10 0.1
126	85 36 0.0	107 30 0.2	134 56 7.7		148 17 2.9		158 10 0.1
127	86 19 0.0	108 20 0.2	135 03 7.7		149 17 2.9		159 10 0.1
128	87 02 0.0	109 10 0.2	136 10 7.7		150 17 2.9		160 10 0.1
129	87 45 0.0	110 00 0.2	137 17 7.7		151 17 2.9		161 10 0.1
130	88 28 0.0	110 50 0.2	138 24 7.7		152 17 2.9		162 10 0.1
131	89 11 0.0	111 40 0.2	139 31 7.7		153 17 2.9		163 10 0.1
132	89 54 0.0	112 30 0.2	140 38 7.7		154 17 2.9		164 10 0.1
133	90 37 0.0	113 20 0.2	141 45 7.7		155 17 2.9		165 10 0.1
134	91 20 0.0	114 10 0.2	142 52 7.7		156 17 2.9		166 10 0.1
135	92 03 0.0	115 00 0.2	143 59 7.7		157 17 2.9		167 10 0.1
136	92 46 0.0	115 50 0.2	144 06 7.7		158 17 2.9		168 10 0.1
137	93 29 0.0	116 40 0.2	145				